Guideline Resource Unit guru@ahs.ca

End of Treatment Letter

Testicular Cancer

Patient



www.ahs.ca

[DATE]

Re: End of Treatment

Dear [ARIA: Insert Name],

You are nearing the end or have finished your treatment for non-seminoma testicular cancer at the Cancer Centre. Finishing cancer treatment is a time of change. We want you to know that even when you finish your treatments, you are not alone! Help and support is available.

As you start follow-up after cancer treatment, there are things you can do to manage your health care and improve your well-being. This letter, along with the book <u>After Treatment: Information and Resources to Help</u> <u>You Set Priorities and Take Action</u>, have information, supports and suggestions to help you.

Follow-up Appointments and Tests

We will use a **Shared Care** model for your follow-up. This means that your cancer care team will book your tests and appointments at the Cancer Centre for your cancer care follow-up, and you will see your primary health care provider (such as your family doctor, cancer care clinician or nurse practitioner) for all other health concerns.

At your follow-up appointments at the Cancer Centre you may have a:

- A physical exam
- Blood tests

- Chest x-rays
- CT scans

The timing for these tests changes, depending on how long ago your treatment finished. Please talk with your doctor about how often you should have these tests.

Continue to See Your Primary Health Care Provider

Continue to see your primary health care provider (such as your family doctor, cancer care clinician or nurse practitioner) for your regular health exams and health issues. We will send them a summary of your cancer treatment and cancer related problems for communication purposes.

You will need a family doctor. If you do not have one, you can find one by calling Health Link Alberta (811) or going to: <u>https://www.albertahealthservices.ca/info/Page13253.aspx</u>. Once you have a doctor, let them know they can view the health care provider follow-up recommendations at <u>www.ahs.ca/guru</u>.

Manage Side-Effects from Treatment

Most side effects will get better over time, but it is important to tell your care team about any side effects or emotional concerns so they can help you. The <u>After Treatment</u> book has suggestions for managing common side effects. If you need more information, your Cancer Centre has detailed patient education materials for many different side effects.

Non-seminoma Testicular Cancer End of Treatment Letter – Patient AHS ONC END OF TREATMENT-NON-SEMINOMA-PATIENT

Your cancer treatment may have side effects. These depend on the type of treatment you had.

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Type of Treatment	Possible side effects	
Removal of 1 testicle, no	Your body may not be able to make enough testosterone. This is a rare problem.	
other treatment	If you do not have enough testosterone you could have problems getting and	
	keeping an erection and keeping your bones and muscles strong. You may need	
	to take a testosterone supplement. Taking testosterone supplements does	
	not increase the risk of testicular cancer coming back.	
Removal of both	You will not be able to have children naturally. If you had sperm stored before	
testicles, no other treatment	your treatment, talk with your doctor about your options for having children.	
	Your body will not be able to make enough testosterone. If you do not have	
	enough testosterone you could have problems getting and keeping an erection	
	and keeping your bones and muscles strong. You may need to take a	
	testosterone supplement. Taking testosterone supplements does not	
	increase the risk of testicular cancer coming back.	
Surgery to remove lymph	You may have difficulty having children naturally. This is because the surgery	
nodes in your abdomen	can damage the nerves that control the release of sperm. If you are trying to	
(retroperitoneal lymph	have children, talk with your doctor. You may be referred to a specialist.	
node dissection or		
RPLND)		
Chemotherapy	There may be long-term effects depending on the kind of chemotherapy you	
Treatment	had. For example, Bleomycin can cause lung problems (especially if you smoke)	
	or have kidney problems. Cisplatin can affect your hearing and cause numbness	
	or tingling in your hands and feet.	
	Chemotherapy side effects usually get better in the weeks and months following	
	treatment.	
Radiation Treatment	You may have experienced nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Radiation side	
	effects usually get better in the weeks following treatment.	

Be sure to tell your doctor about any side effects, concerns or worries. They will be able to help you manage them

Know the Signs and Symptoms of Testicular Cancer Recurrence

Review the list of general symptoms to watch for in the After Treatment book. Below are some symptoms specific to testicular cancer. If these symptoms start and do not go away, tell your oncology team right away. They may do tests to see if the cancer has come back or refer you back to the Cancer Centre.

- Swelling or a new lump in your remaining testicle
- Swelling or lumps in your armpits or neck
- Swelling in one or both or your breasts
- Night sweats
- A new feeling of significant fatigue or a tired feeling that won't go away

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Support and General Recommendations

As you move forward, you may have questions about what is next, what you should do to take care of yourself, or how to improve your well-being. We hope that along with your care team, the <u>After Treatment</u> book will help you during this time of change, answer your questions, and give you the information and supports you need.

Recommended Resources:

 <u>After Treatment: Information and Resources to Help You Set Priorities and Take Action</u> (book) — the oncology care team will give you this book at the end of your treatment

Counselling and Support:

Many patients find counselling services or support groups helpful when adjusting to life after cancer. They can help with things such as communication, stress management, coping with treatment side effects, mood changes, quality of life, body image, sexual health, or loneliness. If you would like to set up a counselling appointment, please pick the closest location from the list below and call to make an appointment:

Calgary: 587-231-3570	Lethbridge: 403-388-6814	Other Communities visit
Edmonton: 780-643-4303	Medicine Hat: 403-529-8817	www.ahs.ca/cpn and click:
Grande Prairie: 825-412-4200	Red Deer: 403-343-4485	Provincial Cancer Patient
		Navigation

Healthy Lifestyle Recommendations

You will find recommendations and information on ways to improve your well-being in the <u>After Treatment</u> book.

Specific Concerns for Testicular Cancer Patients

Sexual Health Concerns

Treatment for testicular cancer can impact your sexual function, interest in sex, health, fertility, relationships, and cause distress. There are things you can do to help manage physical concerns, such as erectile dysfunction and strategies and support are also available to help you and your partner with intimacy problems, distress, and adjusting to these changes. See the Counselling and Support numbers listed in the section above or contact the **Oncology and Sexuality, Intimacy, and Survivorship (OASIS) program** at 780-391-7664.

Resources for low sexual desire and men's sexual health (such as erectile dysfunction) are available at your Cancer Centre or online at <u>www.myhealth.alberta.ca</u> (search "cancer and sexuality").

Scuba Diving

If you had Bleomycin chemotherapy, there could be a risk if you go scuba diving. Research has not shown strong evidence to suggest that scuba diving is either safe or unsafe. Talk to your primary care provider if you had this chemotherapy and want to go scuba diving.

Ongoing Care

Remember that you are still a registered patient at the Cancer Centre. If you are between appointments at the Cancer Centre, and you have concerns your cancer has returned, your family doctor can connect you back to us.

Sincerely,

Your Genitourinary Oncology Care Team