Diphtheria Antitoxin (Equine)

Section 7: Biological Product Information

Standard #: 07.202

Created by: Province-wide Immunization Program Standards and Quality

Approved by: Province-wide Immunization Program, Standards and Quality

Approval Date: July 18, 2014

Revised: N/A

**DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN (equine)**

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<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Institute of Immunology Inc., Croatia</th>
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<tr>
<td>Biological Classification</td>
<td>Antitoxin</td>
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### Indications for Provincially Funded Vaccine

**Treatment of suspected** (based on clinical symptoms) **or confirmed diphtheria disease.**

- Eligibility will be determined though discussion amongst the treating physician, the zone Medical Officer of Health (MOH) and Alberta Health Chief Medical Officer of Health
  - The zone MOH/MOH designate must notify the Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health (OCMOH) by the fastest means possible of all cases in which diphtheria antitoxin is required
  - OCMOH is available on a 24 hour basis by pager at 780-638-3630
  - Once eligibility has been determined, OCMOH will authorize release of the product through either the Provincial Vaccine Depot or the Alberta Health Services (AHS) Calgary Vaccine Depot. It is not routinely stocked outside of these two sites.

- Special authorization, access and transport procedures must be followed. This includes:
  - ensuring the biological is packed and transported under strict cold chain management guidelines from the vaccine depot to the hospital unit
  - obtaining a signature for receipt of product from the treating physician
  - completion of Special Access Program Form C by the treating physician in conjunction with the zone MOH (a Special Access Program form is included with the product or can be found at [http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/acces/drugs-droguessapf3_pasf3-eng.php](http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/acces/drugs-droguessapf3_pasf3-eng.php))
  - returning the completed Special Access Program Form C to the MOH/MOH designate

The zone MOH/MOH designate will review the Special Access Program Form C to ensure all fields are completed and then submit the completed form to AH

### Notes:

- Diphtheria antitoxin is considered the mainstay of treatment for diphtheria; it will not neutralize diphtheria toxin that is already fixed to tissues, it will only neutralize circulating (unbound) diphtheria toxin and prevent the progression of disease. Antibiotic therapy is required to eradicate the organism, to stop toxin production and prevent transmission.

- Active immunization against diphtheria should occur during convalescence from diphtheria (three to four weeks after diphtheria antitoxin was administered) to complete the primary series unless serological testing indicates protective levels of diphtheria antitoxin; disease does not necessarily confer immunity

- Diphtheria antitoxin is not recommended for prophylaxis of close, unimmunized contacts of diphtheria cases or diphtheria carriers
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**Serology**
- Blood should be collected to identify the specific toxin before antitoxin is administered; however the administration of the antitoxin should not be withheld pending the test results (refer to the Alberta Health Public Health Notifiable Disease Management Guidelines – Diphtheria at [http://www.health.alberta.ca/documents/Guidelines-Diphtheria-2011.pdf](http://www.health.alberta.ca/documents/Guidelines-Diphtheria-2011.pdf)).

**Schedule**
- Diphtheria antitoxin should be administered as soon as possible after clinical diagnosis.
- Treatment should not await laboratory confirmation of toxigenic C. diphtheriae.
- Skin testing for hypersensitivity is recommended before administration of diphtheria antitoxin regardless of whether or not the individual has received equine antigens previously.

**Preferred Use**
- N/A

**Dose**
- The therapeutic dose is determined by the severity and duration of the disease and the age and body weight of the patient.
  - **Notes:**
    - Diphtheria antitoxin is supplied in vials containing 10,000 I.U. each.
    - Additional doses may be considered based on the clinical presentation and the patient’s response to treatment.
    - This is a treatment product administered under the direction of a physician in an acute care setting.

**Route**
- **Mild to moderate cases:** IM
- **Severe cases:** IM and/or slow intravenous infusion
  - IV doses must be diluted with normal saline or 5% dextrose
  - Warm diphtheria antitoxin before injection (to not greater than 32º to 34ºC).

**Contraindications/Precautions**
- **Contraindications:** None as this is a vital indication due to life-threatening condition.
  - **Precautions:**
    - History of severe hypersensitivity reaction to this antitoxin. Use desensitization protocol if hypersensitivity exists and antitoxin urgently needed. If diphtheria is present, antitoxin must be given.

**Possible Reactions**
- **Common:** Fever, arthralgia, skin rash or lymphadenopathy may occur and are dose related.
  - **Rare:**
    - Anaphylaxis with urticaria, respiratory distress and vascular collapse can occur with varying frequency within the first 24 hours following administration.
    - Patients previously treated with antitoxin of equine origin may present a higher incidence of reaction.
    - Antitoxin sickness may occur within 7 to 12 days after administration (incidence rate of approximately 10%). Typical symptoms include fever, skin rashes, edema of the skin, adenopathy and pains in the joints. Serum sickness is more likely to occur following repeat injections of equine serum.
    - As with any immunization, unexpected or unusual side effects can occur. Refer to the product monograph for more detailed information.
### Pregnancy
- Pregnancy is not a contraindication to the use of diphtheria antitoxin when clearly indicated.
- Intact IgG crosses the placenta from maternal circulation increasingly after 30 weeks.

### Lactation
- Breastfeeding is not a contraindication to diphtheria antitoxin when clearly indicated.
- It is not known if antitoxin antibodies are excreted into breast milk (problems have not been documented).

### Composition
Each 1 mL vial contains:
- Not more than 170 mg immunoglobulin (equine)
- 1000 I.U minimal antibody activity against *C. diphtheriae*
- 0.027 mmol m-Cresol (preservative)
- 0.150 mmol sodium chloride
- Up to 1 mL sterile water for injection

### Blood/Blood Products
- Equine horse serum

### Bovine/Porcine Products
- None listed in the ingredient list

### Latex
- None listed in ingredient list

### Interchangeability
- N/A

### Administration with Other Products
- Delay administration of products containing diphtheria toxoid for 3 to 4 weeks after diphtheria antitoxin administration to minimize the possibility of antigen-antibody antagonism.
- No contraindication to other medications.

### Appearance
- Clear transparent solution

### Storage
- Store at +2°C to +8°C.
- Once the vial is opened, the preparation should be used immediately.
- Do not freeze.
- Do not use beyond the labeled expiry date.
- Store in the original packaging when possible to protect from light.

### Vaccine Code
- DA

### Antigen Code
- DA

### Licensed for
- Currently there is no licensed product made in Canada, and product is made available from Health Canada’s Special Access Program (SAP).

### Notes:
- **Related Resources:**
  - AHS-Imm-07.202-R01 (July 18, 2014) Diphtheria Antitoxin (Equine) Information Sheet

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