Diphtheria-Tetanus-Acellular Pertussis-Polio-Haemophilus influenzae type b Conjugate Combined Vaccine (DTaP-IPV-Hib)



BIOLOGICAL PAGE

Section 7	Biological Product Information	Standard # 07.211	
Created and approved by	Provincial Immunization Program Standards and Quality		
Approval date	September 10, 2012	Revised	March 5, 2025

	INFANRIX-IPV/Hib	PEDIACEL	PENTACEL
Manufacturer	GlaxoSmithKline Inc.	Sanofi Pasteur Limited	Sanofi Pasteur Limited
Classification	Inactivated		
Indications for Provincially Funded Vaccine	 Primary immunization for children 2 months up to and including 59 months of age when diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis, polio and Hib vaccines are indicated. Children 5 years up to and including 6 years of age who are presenting with no immunization or an incomplete primary series when diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis and polio vaccines are indicated and who require the first, second, third or fourth dose in that series. Note: These children need higher concentrations of diphtheria (designated as "D") and pertussis (designated as "P") for the first, second, third or fourth dose of diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis and polio. Children younger than 7 years of age who sustain a wound injury that have not received the recommended number of tetanus toxoid doses for their age and need higher concentrations of diphtheria and pertussis (see Tetanus Prevention, Prophylaxis and Wound/Injury Management Standard). Child and adult hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) recipients should have their immunization schedules restarted post-transplant see: Standard for Immunization of Transplant Candidates and Recipients Child solid organ transplant (SOT) candidates and recipients see: Standard for Immunization of Transplant Candidates and Recipients 		
	Note:		
	 It is acceptable to give additional doses of diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio and Hib combined vaccine for children who are delayed in their immunization series. Children who have received 4 previous doses of DTaP-IPV-Hib presenting for their pre-school immunization at 4 years up to and including 6 years of age (or the equivalent of the pre-school immunization) would receive Tdap-IPV. This dose may not be necessary if the 4th dose was given at 4 years of age or older. 		
Serology	Pre-Immunization and Post immunization		
	Serological testing is not type tetanus. For additional inform	pically recommended to assess	or Haemophilus influenzae type b. levels of immunity to diphtheria or PAT/TAT Interpretation tables in the berta Immunization Providers
Schedule	Children completing a primary	series started with INFANRIX I	nexa:
	Dose 4: 18 months of age		

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	Children initiating or completing a primary series with DTaP-IPV-Hib:			
	 Dose 1: Day 0 Dose 2: 8 weeks after dose 1 Dose 3: 8 weeks after dose 2 Dose 4: 12 months after dose 3 Spacing Considerations:			
	 Minimum spacing between doses 3 and 4 is 6 months as long as the child is over 15 months of age. For minimum intervals, see Standard For Recommended Immunization Schedules Children may need fewer doses of the Hib component if they have received a dose of Hib vaccine at 15 months of age or older; however, it is acceptable to give additional doses of the Hib component using this combination vaccine. When the fourth primary immunizing dose is administered at 4 years of age or older, the fifth dose (preschool booster) is not necessary. Children receiving their fifth dose between four and six years of age should receive Tdap-IPV (see Tdap-IPV Vaccine Biological Page). 			
	(designated as "d") and pertu	ir fifth dose may receive a lower ussis (designated as "p").	concentration of dipritneria	
	Recipients of HSCT:			
	Should have their immunization schedules restarted post-transplant, see: Immunization for Child HSCT Transplant Recipients Immunization for Adult HSCT Transplant Recipients			
	Children expecting solid organ	transplantation. See:		
	Immunization for Children Expecting Solid Organ Transplant Before 18 Months of Age (Accelerated)) Immunization for Children Expecting Solid Organ Transplant After 18 Months of Age (Catch-up and Ongoing Schedule) Note:			
	 Persons who have had pertussis infection should continue to receive pertussis-containing vaccines. Children in whom invasive Hib disease develops before 24 months of age should receive Hib vaccine as recommended because natural disease may not induce protection. Hib vaccine can be administered 4 weeks after invasive Hib disease onset. Individuals travelling to countries currently exporting and/or infected with polio may need special immunization documentation verifying polio immunization. These individuals should consult with a Travel Clinic to determine what documentation is required. 			
Preferred Use	 None Available vaccines are safe and immunogenic in eligible age groups. Persons with medical contraindications to one product should be offered the alternate product if supply is available. 			
Dose	0.5 mL			
Route	IM			
Contraindications/ Precautions		ity to any component of the vacc ic reaction to a previous dose of a r Hib.		

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	 Encephalopathy (e.g., coma, decreased level of consciousness, prolonged seizures) within 7 days of a previous dose of a pertussis-containing vaccine not attributable to another identifiable cause. Progressive neurological disorder, including infantile spasms, uncontrolled epilepsy, progressive encephalopathy. Pertussis vaccine should not be administered to persons with such conditions until a treatment regimen has been established and the condition has stabilized. Precautions: Capsular polysaccharide antigen (Hib antigen) can be detected in the urine of vaccine recipients for up to two weeks following immunization with conjugate vaccines. This phenomenon could be confused with antigenuria associated with invasive Hib infections. Hib vaccines should not be given to a child younger than 6 weeks of age. Data suggest that Hib conjugate vaccines given before 6 weeks of age may induce immunologic tolerance (reduced response to subsequent doses). Children who have invasive Hib disease after completing the immunization series at 2, 4 and 6 months of age should be evaluated for evidence of an underlying immune deficiency. Children with neurologic conditions should be assessed carefully. See <u>Standard on the Immunization of Individuals with Chronic Health Conditions and/or Immunosuppression Neurologic Conditions.</u> If Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS) occurred within 6 weeks of immunization with a previous dose of vaccine containing tetanus toxoid, it is prudent to withhold subsequent doses of tetanuscontaining vaccine. Those who develop GBS outside this interval or have an alternative cause identified may receive subsequent doses of tetanus-containing vaccine. 		
Possible Reactions	 Swelling at injection site greened in Fever > 38°C Unusual/abnormal crying, irreduced in Decreased activity, fatigue, so the Decreased appetite, diarrhead the Uncommon: Fever > 39.5°C Lymphadenopathy Rash, urticaria Upper respiratory tract infection in Diffuse swelling of the injection of the Injection in Company in Co	ritability/fussiness, restlessness somnolence (sleepiness) a, vomiting stion, cough, bronchitis, rhinorrhe ted limb, sometimes involving the	ea
Pregnancy	monograph for more detailed information. This vaccine generally will not be administered to individuals over 7 years of age, with the exception of HSCT recipients. Adequate data is not available for the use of this vaccine during pregnancy and therefore will not routinely be recommended in Alberta for pregnant women. However, use of this vaccine during pregnancy may be considered in consultation with your MOH if the individual is at high risk of disease.		
Lactation	This vaccine generally will not b of HSCT recipients. If indicated individuals.		er 7 years of age, with the exception I to eligible breastfeeding

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Composition	Active Ingredients: Diphtheria toxoid –25 Lf Tetanus toxoid –10 Lf Acellular pertussis: Pertussis toxoid (PT) –25 mcg Filamentous haemagglutinin (FHA) –25 mcg Pertactin (PRN) –8 mcg Inactivated poliomyelitis vaccine Type 1 (Mahoney) –40 DU Type 2 (MEF1) –8 DU Type 3 (Saukett) –32 DU Purified polyribosyl-ribitol-phosphate capsular polysaccharide (PRP) of Haemophilus influenzae type b covalently bound to tetanus toxoid –10 mcg Non-medical Ingredients: Lactose Sodium chloride Aluminum salts Medium 199 – as stabilizer including amino acids, mineral salts and vitamins Water for injection Manufacturing residuals: Formaldehyde Polysorbate 80 Potassium chloride Disodium phosphate Monopotassium phosphate Glycine Trace amounts of: Neomycin sulphate	Active Ingredients: Diphtheria toxoid –15 Lf Tetanus toxoid –5 Lf Acellular Pertussis Pertussis Toxoid (PT) – 20 mcg Filamentous Haemagglutinin (FHA) –20 mcg Pertactin (PRN) –3 mcg Fimbriae Types 2 and 3 (FIM) –5 mcg Inactivated poliomyelitis vaccine Type 1 (Mahoney) –29 D-antigen units Type 2 (MEF1) –7 D- antigen units Type 3 (Saukett) –26 D-antigen units Purified Polyribosylribitol Phosphate Capsular Polysaccharide (PRP) of Haemophilus influenzae Type b covalently bound to tetanus protein –10 mcg Non-medical ingredients: Excipients: Aluminum phosphate (adjuvant) –1.5 mg 2 – phenoxyethanol – 0.6% v/v Polysorbate 80 -≤ 0.1% w/v Manufacturing residuals: Trace amounts of: Bovine serum albumin Neomycin Polymyxin B Streptomycin Formaldehyde	Active Ingredients: Diphtheria toxoid –15 Lf Tetanus toxoid –5 Lf Acellular pertussis: Pertussis toxoid (PT) –20 mcg Filamentous haemagglutinin (FHA) –20 mcg Pertactin (PRN) –3 mcg Fimbriae types 2 and 3 (FIM) –5 mcg Inactivated poliovirus Type 1 (Mahoney) –29 D-antigen units Type 2 (MEF1) –7 D-antigen units Type 3 (Saukett) –26 D-antigen units Purified polyribosylribitol phosphate capsular polysaccharide (PRP) of Haemophilus influenzae type b covalently bound to 18-30 mcg of tetanus protein –10 mcg Non-medical Ingredients: Kecipients: Aluminum phosphate (adjuvant) –1.5 mg 2-phenoxyethanol –0.6% v/v Polysorbate 80 –<8.1% w/v Sucrose –42.5 mg Tris (hydoxymethyl) aminomethane –0.6 mg Water for injection Manufacturing residuals: Trace amounts of: Bovine serum albumin Formaldehyde Glutaraldehyde Glutaraldehyde Reomycin Polymyxin B sulphate
Blood/Blood Products	Does not contain human blood or blood products.	Glutaraldehyde Does not contain human blood or blood products	Does not contain human blood or blood products.

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Bovine/Porcine Products	Ingredients of animal origin, including bovine, equine and porcine derived materials, are used as raw materials in the manufacturing process.	 Contains trace amounts of bovine serum. Porcine derived products are used as raw materials in the early stages of the manufacturing process. 	Contains trace amounts of bovine serum, and ingredients of animal origin including porcine derived materials are used as raw materials in the manufacturing process.
Latex	Does not contain latex.		
Interchangeability	The first three doses of the immunization series should be completed, whenever possible, with the same combination product. However, if the original vaccine is not known or not available an alternate combination product may be used to complete the primary series. Either Pentacel or Infanrix-IPV/Hib may be used interchangeably for the fourth dose.		
Administration with Other Products	 Can be given at the same time as other inactivated and live vaccine using a separate needle and syringe for each vaccine. The same limb may be used, if necessary, but different sites on the limb must be chosen. 		
Preparation	Add the entire liquid contents, INFANRIX® -IPV (diphtheria toxoid, tetanus, acellular pertussis and inactivated poliomyelitis vaccine), of the syringe or vial, to the vial containing the HIBERIX® (Haemophilus influenzae type b), a lyophilized powder. Do not remove the white back-stop from the syringe.	Shake the vial well	Gently shake the vial of QUADRACEL and then withdraw the entire contents Inject the liquid into the lyophilized ActHIB vaccine vial Swirl vial gently After reconstitution, immediately withdraw the total volume of PENTACEL for administration
Appearance	 The Hib component will appear as a lyophilized white powder. The DTaP-IPV component is supplied as a turbid white suspension. 	Uniform, cloudy white to offwhite suspension.	Uniform, cloudy white to off-white suspension.
Storage	 Store at +2°C to +8°C Do not freeze Do not use beyond the labeled expiry date Store in original packaging to protect from light 		
Vaccine Code	DTaP-IPV-Hib		
Antigen Code	Tetanus – T Diphtheria – D Acellular pertussis – P Inactivated polio vaccine – POL Haemophilus influenzae type b – Hib		
Licensed for	Children 6 weeks up to and including 4 years of age.	Children 2 months up to and including 6 years of age.	 Children 2 months of age up to and including 6 years of age. Off-license use for children starting at 6 weeks of age.

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	 Off-license use for children 5 years up to and including 6 years of age. Off-license use for child HSCT recipients 5 years of age. Off-license use for adult HCST recipients. 	 Off-license use for children starting at 6 weeks of age. Off license use for child HSCT recipients 7 years of age and older. Off license use for adult HSCT recipients. 	 Off-license use for child HSCT recipients 7 years of age and older. Off-license use for adult HSCT recipients.
Notes	 HCST recipients. 1997 July 1: Pentacel, containing the acellular pertussis component, became available in the routine Alberta Immunization Program. 2007 November 30: Pediacel was introduced into the routine Alberta Program. 2012 November 20: Infanrix-IPV/Hib became available in the routine Alberta Immunization Program 2016 September 21: Pediacel became available to use off-license in children 6 weeks of age and older. 2017 June 1: Pediacel and Infanrix™-IPV/Hib implemented for use in place of DTaP-IPV as Quadracel and Infanrix-IPV are unavailable. 2017 November: Infanrix-hexa replaces Pediacel and Infanrix-IPV/Hib in routine infant schedule for infants born March 1, 2018 or after. 2022 June 30: Removal of reference to Td as product no longer available in Alberta. 2024 June 28: Updated to include Pentacel product, references to dTap changed to Tdap to align with national standards. 		
Related Resources	Diphtheria, Tetanus, Acellular Pertussis, Polio and <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b Conjugate Vaccine Information Sheet (104512).		

References

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