



**Class:** *Manufactured recombinant product*

**OTHER NAMES:** recombinant Factor IX, Fc Fusion Protein  
**Company:** *Biogen Idec Canada Inc.*

ROUTES	INTRAVENOUS			OTHER		
	DIRECT IV	IV Infusion	Continuous Infusion	SC	IM	OTHER
Acceptable Routes*	Yes**	Yes	No	No	No	N/A

\* Professionals performing these restricted activities have received authorization from their regulatory college and have the knowledge and skill to perform the skill competently.  
\*\* Transfusion of Blood Components and Products Learning Module Section Three: Direct IV Administration of Blood Products. RNs may administer direct IV blood products. Not to be confused with medication administration

**DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT:**

- ALPROLIX™ contains recombinant Factor IX
- Supplied in 500, 1000, 2000 and 3000 IU single use vials as a white to off-white lyophilized, sterile, non-pyrogenic preservative free powder, along with 5 mL clear, colorless liquid diluent in a prefilled syringe.
- When reconstituted with provided diluent, product also contains sucrose, sodium chloride, L-histidine, mannitol and polysorbate 20.
- ALPROLIX™ is used as a replacement therapy to increase plasma levels of factor IX activity, enabling a temporary correction of factor deficiency and bleeding tendency.

**AVAILABILITY:**

- Supplied by CBS
- Contact your local laboratory/transfusion service regarding stock availability on site

**INDICATIONS FOR USE:**

Indicated in adults and children with hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency or Christmas disease) for:

- Routine prophylactic treatment to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
- Control and prevention of bleeding episodes (e.g. in trauma or procedures with increased risk of bleeding)
- Perioperative management (surgical prophylaxis)

**CONTRAINDICATIONS:**

- Known hypersensitivity or previous manifestations of severe reactions to any of the constituents in product.

**WARNINGS:**

- Clinical response to ALPROLIX™ may vary. If bleeding is not controlled with recommended dose, a plasma level of factor IX should be determined, and sufficient dose administered to achieve clinical response. Presence of an inhibitor should be suspected if patient's plasma level fails to increase or bleeding is not controlled after administration.
- The use of Factor IX containing products has been associated with the development of thromboembolic complications. Monitor patients on ALPROLIX™ for early signs of vascular thrombotic events.

**DOSE:**

**1 IU of ALPROLIX™ per kg body weight is expected to increase, on average, the circulating level of factor IX by 1%.**

- Recommended Dosing for Routine Prophylaxis:**
  - 50 IU/kg once weekly or 100 IU/kg every 10-14 days
- Recommended Dosing for Control of Bleeding Episodes:**
  - Minor/Moderate bleeding 30-60 IU/kg (See product insert)
  - Major bleeding 80-100 IU/kg (See product insert)
  - Higher doses may be needed in patients < 12 years of age
- Recommended Dosing for Control of Bleeding Episodes:**
  - Minor operations (including uncomplicated dental extraction 50-80 IU/kg (See product insert)
  - Major 60-100 IU/kg (See product insert)

**\*\* Consult with Hematologist or bleeding disorders clinic \*\***

**ADMINISTRATION:**

**Confirm written (signed) consent has been obtained and documented prior to requesting blood component from lab/transfusion service where possible.**

**Pre-Infusion:**

- Ensure recent patient weight is on file and pertinent labs are available. Perform the appropriate pre-transfusion checks per protocol

**Access:** ALPROLIX™ can be given via CVC, PICC, Port-a-Cath®, or peripheral IV line

**Reconstitution Supplies:**

- ALPROLIX™, lyophilized in single dose vial
  - Prefilled syringe with diluent (0.325% sodium chloride solution)
  - Vial adapter
- } Contained in box

**Administration Supplies:**

- **For direct IV administration:**
  - Sterile infusion set (provided in kit), if no established IV access
  - If 2 or more vials needed, syringe large enough to pool full dose
- **For IV infusion:**
  - Syringe pump (preferred) or IV pump
  - Syringe pump tubing, or appropriate IV administration set (buretrol preferred)
- Alcohol swabs

**Reconstitution:** Refer to reconstitution steps with vial adapter using following link:  
<http://www.albertahealthservices.ca/assets/wf/lab/wf-lab-clin-tm-alprolix-reconst.pdf>

**Administration:**

- Give as soon as possible (within 3 hrs) of reconstitution. **DO NOT refrigerate** after reconstitution.
- Intended for IV administration.
- **DO NOT** mix with other drugs or IV solutions.

**\*\* Included glass syringe is incompatible with ICU Medical MicroClave® Neutral Connector . Draw up reconstituted product with a sterile plastic luer-lock syringe for administration.\*\***

**Administration rate:** Direct IV over approximately 10 minutes (should be determined by patient’s comfort level), or at rate as requested by authorized prescriber or hemophilia clinic.

**POTENTIAL HAZARDS WITH PARENTERAL ADMINISTRATION:**

- Potential adverse events related to a blood product transfusion range in severity from minor with no sequelae to life-threatening.
- All adverse events occurring during a transfusion should be evaluated to determine whether or not the transfusion can be safely continued/restarted.
- All adverse events suspected to be related to a product transfusion (whether during or after a transfusion) should be reported to your local transfusion service.
- **The most common adverse reactions are pyrexia, injection site reactions, headache, hypertension, hypotension, nausea, vomiting, pain, edema, and rash. Monitor for signs and symptoms of thrombosis.**

**Side Effects**

- Flushing
- Headache
- Nausea
- Itching and redness at injection site



**Action**  
Slow rate of infusion

**Potential Allergic Reaction**

- Stuffy nose
- Hives/severe itching
- Cough
- Chest pain
- Wheezing
- Facial swelling
- Fainting



**Action**  
**STOP** infusion  
**IMMEDIATELY** and contact physician.

**NURSING IMPLICATIONS:****Patient Monitoring:**

- Vital Signs: Pre-administration, on completion of dose, and as the patient condition requires.
- If the patient has experienced previous adverse reaction to this blood product transfusion, or this is the first transfusion of this blood product for patient, the patient should be monitored for 30-60 minutes post.

**Patients receiving product transfusions must be observed closely for signs of any unexpected or untoward reactions. These reactions may occur during or after the infusion of blood or blood products. For follow up to a transfusion reaction see: <http://www.albertahealthservices.ca/4240.asp>. Notify the transfusion service as soon as possible that an adverse reaction has occurred.**

**Documentation:**

- Ensure documentation is completed as per the AHS *Transfusion of Blood Components and Products* procedure
- Assessment of patient tolerability should be documented in appropriate flow chart or clinical record (electronic or paper) as required.

**STORAGE & STABILITY OF PRODUCT:**

- Stored at 2-8°C. **Do not freeze.**
- Product may be stored at room temperature (15-30°C) for a single 6 month period (at the end of 6 month period, product must be discarded if not used). Do not use past expiry date.
- Keep protected from light.
- Reconstituted product must be administered within 3 hours of reconstitution.

**COMMENTS:**

Date Effective: 13 Sept 2019

Version 1.2

Approved By: APL Transfusion Medicine Discipline Council

Document Number: PTMGNR00014

*For questions or comments about this document, please contact Transfusion.SafetyTeam@albertahealthservices.ca*

**REFERENCES**

ALPROLIX™ product monograph SCN 163614

**LINK to WEBSITE for PRESCRIBING INFORMATION:**

<http://www.biogen.ca/>