

Key Actions for Healthy Pregnancy Weight Gain

Step 1: Assess and Advise	Step 2: Consider Referral to a Registered Dietitian When*	Step 3: Support
 Calculate pre-pregnant BMI at initial visit Provide individualized weight gain recommendations based on BMI category (see table below) Discuss an appropriate rate and pattern of weight gain Discuss the benefits of appropriate weight gain and the risks of inappropriate weight gain/loss. Assess readiness for change and barriers to change including language, cultural beliefs, education level and food access Assist woman to identify realistic healthy living goals 	 Woman has a concurrent medical condition with an impact on nutrition (e.g. hyperemesis, bowel diseases) Woman has an eating disorder, or a history of an eating disorder Woman is less than 20 years old Woman expresses concerns around weight gain or body changes Pregnancy weight trend indicates inadequate or excessive weight gain Woman has had previous bariatric surgery * To refer to a registered dietitian in AHS, see "Resources" section 	 Reassure weight gain is an important part of pregnancy related to fetal development and maternal health Reinforce consistent and appropriate weight gain (especially in the 2nd and 3rd trimesters) Measure and document weight at each visit Provide support for woman's healthy living goals Offer appropriate resources and community programs

Guidelines for Weight Gain by Pre-Pregnancy BMI

Weight Category	Pre-Pregnant BMI	Message for Client and Total Weight Gain for Pregnancy*	Mean Weight Gain in 2 nd & 3 rd Trimesters*
Underweight	<18.5	Your BMI is low: Your recommended weight gain is 28-40 lbs • (12.5 – 18 kg)	1 lb/week • 0.5 kg/week
Healthy Weight	18.5 – 24.9	Your BMI is normal: Your recommended weight gain is 25-35 lbs • (11.5 – 16 kg)	1 lb/week • 0.4 kg/week
Overweight	25.0 – 29.9	Your BMI is high: Your recommended weight gain is 15-25 lbs ● (7 – 11.5 kg)	0.6 lb/week • 0.3 kg/week
Obese	≥30	Your BMI is high: Your recommended weight gain is 11-20 lbs ● (5 – 9 kg)	0.5 lb/week • 0.2 kg/week

^{*} Institute of Medicine 2009 Guidelines

Key Messages for Healthy Pregnancy Weight Gain

Messages for ALL pregnant women

- Healthy eating and active living can make a positive difference to you and your baby's health.
- Enjoy physical activity daily or as recommended (see PARmed-X in "Resources" below).
- Follow Canada's Food Guide and consider tracking what you eat to assess your intake.
- Eat "twice as healthy", not "twice as much".
- After the first trimester, add 2-3 food guide servings daily. One extra snack is often enough.
- Eat regularly throughout the day by including 3 meals and snacks.
- Plan meals and snacks ahead of time. Be mindful of portion sizes.
- It is not recommended to lose weight or follow a weight loss diet during pregnancy.

Messages for women gaining **BELOW** the guidelines

- Using the IOM guidelines*, aim to gain more weight. This will help your baby be born at a healthy size and time.
- Increase your total daily calories:
 - Increase how much you eat by increasing your portion size at meals and snacks.
 - Increase how often you eat. Try for 6 small meals throughout the day.
 - Plan ahead and bring nutrient-rich snacks with you so you can eat on the go.
 - Ensure you are eating enough for your activity level.

Messages for women gaining ABOVE the guidelines

- Using the IOM guidelines*, aim to gain less weight. This will help your baby be born at a healthy size and time.
- It is not recommended to lose weight or follow a weight loss diet during pregnancy.
- Plan for 3 meals each day, including breakfast plus 1 to 2 snacks.
- Choose vegetables and fruit more often, e.g. make ½ your plate vegetables/fruit; keep cut-up vegetables on hand; try fruit for dessert.
- Choose water and low-fat milk to drink instead of sugar-sweetened beverages.
- Prepare food at home more often; eat out less and take out less often.

Resources

Alberta Health

 Healthy Eating and Active Living for Pregnancy booklet www.healthyalberta.com (and click on "Free healthy eating and active living resources")

Alberta Health Services

- Access to Food for Those in Need http://bit.ly/access2food
- What's a Healthy Portion Size? http://bit.ly/healthyportion

Health Canada

• Prenatal Nutrition www.healthcanada.gc.ca/prenatal-nutrition

Canadian Society for Exercise Physiology

Physical Activity Readiness Medical Examination for Pregnancy http://bit.ly/parmed-x

To refer to a registered dietitian in AHS visit

• www.albertahealthservices.ca/nutritioninpregnancy.asp

To find out about prenatal programs in your area visit

www.albertahealthservices.ca/services.asp?pid=stype&type=28