Check	If BG less than 4 -> Refer to Hypoglycemia Protocol WV	ww.bbit.ca	
HbA1c Basal	<ul> <li>Basal insulin may be provided as detemir or N (dosed twice daily) OR glargine (dosed once or twice daily)</li> <li>If Well Controlled → Home Dose</li> <li>Otherwise → Calculate TDD [weight (kg) x 0.3-0.5 units/kg/day]</li> <li>Use ½ TDD: daily or divided into two equal doses</li> </ul>		
		noull'i reolotarit	
	<ul> <li>Use R/aspart/lispro tid ac meals</li> <li>NPO → No Bolus</li> <li>Reliable Diet → Continue Home Dose</li> <li>Well Controlled Glucose But Unreliable Diet → Reduce Home Dose by 25-50%</li> </ul>		
Bolus	Poor control, New Start OR ?Home Dose → use ½ TDD divided in three equal dos		
	<ul> <li>If NPO → Use R/aspart/lispro Correction Dose TID or q6h</li> <li>Otherwise → Add Correction Dose to Bolus Dose using same insulin as used for</li> </ul>		
Insulin	Bolus Correction Dose – Based on Total Insulin units/day at Home and BG reading		
Correction	For TDD 15-30: Expect 1 extra unit of rapid insulin to decrease BG by 4mmol/L		
	For TDD 31-50: Expect 1 extra unit of rapid insulin to decrease BG by 3 mmol/L     For TDD 51-80: Expect 1 extra unit of rapid insulin to decrease BG by 2 mmol/L     For TDD over 81: Expect 1 extra unit of rapid insulin to decrease BG by 1 mmol/L  Basal: ↑↓ dose by 10-20% q1-3 days for target fasting BG 5-10 mmol/L  If Recurrent Insulin Correction → Add Correction to preceding meal Bolus Dose		
Titrate			
© Relativit Inc. If well controlled at home → Restart home regimen as clinically appropriate			
	Type 1/Insulin-Treated Type 2/New Sustained	/ <b>†BG</b> 2017	

