

Alberta Coding Access Targets for Surgery

ACATS Orthopedic build-a-code system

In April of 2021, working with the orthopedic surgeon zone leadership from all 5 zones, the build-a-code system was reviewed and updated significantly. There are two major changes to be aware of.

The first big change was separating out arthroplasty patients from the orthopedic build-a-code. This was driven by a need for better waitlist reporting within arthroplasty and orthopedics. The orthopedic build-a-code system now contains 3 parts:

- 1) Orthopedic
- 2) Joint Arthroplasty (expanded beyond hip and knee, now includes all joints)
- 3) Musculoskeletal Tumours (MSK)

The second big change was the standardization of the functional limitations to the ACATS priority description matrix (see below), with the risk to musculoskeletal integrity being very important for orthopedics and joint arthroplasty. The 4-week option was eliminated and there were description updates for each of the remaining suggested wait times. The functional limitation descriptions are the same for orthopedics and joint arthroplasty.

Coding patients to the correct functional limitation

This is important. Do not code patients based on the expected wait to get in for surgery nor at a benchmark (26 weeks for hip and knee arthroplasty). ACATS suggested wait times (functional limitations) are about the condition of the patient at time of assessment when the decision is made to proceed to surgery. Patients should be coded at the best-fit functional limitation.

Who can you call?

The ACATS team is here to support you with any coding and reporting needs. Please reach out to your ACATS Lead whenever you need to. If you need to know who your ACATS Lead is, please contact the provincial lead at ACATS@ahs.ca.

ACATS Priority Description Matrix

	2 weeks	4 weeks	6 weeks	12 weeks	26 weeks	52 weeks	
Risk to Life	Moderate	Low	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Risk of compromised organ function	Moderate	Low	Low	N/A	N/A	Quality of life surgery	
Risk of infection progression	Moderate	Low	Low	N/A	N/A		
Risk of cancer progression	Cancer Class A	Cancer Class B1	Cancer Class B2 (8 weeks)	Cancer Class C	Cancer Class D	or annually scheduled procedures	
Risk to musculoskeletal integrity	Severe	N/A	High	High	Moderate		
Risk of symptom/disease progression: pain, impact on essential activities of daily living, independent living	N/A	N/A	High	Moderate	Low	No risk	



Orthopedics

Alberta Coding Access Targets for Surgery (ACATS)

Excludes joint arthroplasty, spine and tumour (MSK)

REGION	Shoulder	Elbow	Upper Limb	Wrist	Hand	Pelvis	Hip	Knee	Lower Limb	Ankle	Foot	Trunk
CODE	SH	EL	UL	WR	HA	PE	HI	KN	LL	AN	FO	TR

UL includes upper and lower arm (not joints)

LL includes upper and lower leg (not joints)

Diagnosis Description	CODE
Arthritis/ Joint degeneration	Α
Osteonecrosis	С
Congenital disorder	D
Infection	E
Fracture - acute	F
Fracture - non-union/ malalignment	G
Ligament dysfunction/injury	1
Joint internal derangement including	
cartilage disorders	,
Dislocation - acute	K
Dislocation - recurrent/ chronic	L
Joint stiffness	M
Joint impingement	N
Neurological condition/injury	0
Tendon dysfunction/ injury	Р
Heterotopic ossification	Q
Retained implants	R
Soft tissue/ wound defect	Т
Other diagnosis	U
Pain of unknown origin	W

M	SH	L	S12	
E.g. 'Build a Code' for recurrent				
dislocation of shoulder with moderate				
impairment = MSHLS12				

M

Pain Scale	
Extreme	10
Severe	7-9
Moderate	4-6
Mild	1-3
No pain	0

CODE	Functional Limitations	Wait Time
	Difficulty managing symptoms, high risk to progressively get worse	
	Severe risk to the structural integrity of bone or joint	
S2	Moderate risk of infection progression	Within 2
32	Inability to perform ADL	Weeks
	Imminent loss of independence or function	
	Extreme pain reported by patient	
	Able to manage symptoms, high risk to progressively get worse	
	High risk to the structural integrity of bone or joint	
S6	Low risk of infection progression	Within 6
30	High impact in ability to perform ADL	Weeks
	High risk of loss of independence or function	
	Severe pain reported by patient	
	Able to manage symptoms, moderate risk to progressively get worse	
	High risk to the structural integrity of bone or joint	
S12	No risk of infection progression	Within 12
312	Moderate impact in ability to perform ADL	Weeks
	Moderate risk of loss of independence or function	
	Moderate to severe pain reported by patient	
	Able to manage symptoms	
	Moderate risk to structural integrity of bone or joint	
S26	No risk of infection progression	Within 26
320	Low impact in ability to perform ADL	Weeks
	Low risk of loss of independence or function	
	Mild to moderate pain reported by patient	

NOTE: Orthopedic Surgery is captured in three different build a code pages:

- 1) Orthopedic Surgery
- 2) Joint Arthroplasty Surgery (procedure grouping, required for reporting)
- 3) Musculoskeletal Tumours (MSK Oncology)

Please contact your ACATS Lead with any code change requests.

Joint Arthroplasty

CODE

Alberta Coding Access Targets for Surgery (ACATS)

Wait Time

Type of Procedure	CODE
Primary Arthroplasty	Р
Revision Arthroplasty	R

	2005
Region of Body	CODE
Hip	HI
Knee	KN
Shoulder	SH
Elbow	EL
Hand (including wrist)	НА
Ankle	AN
Foot	FO
Other body region	ОТ

Diagnosis Description	CODE
Arthritis/ Joint degeneration	Α
Prosthetic Complication *4	В
Osteonecrosis	С
Congenital Disorder	D
Infection *1	Е
Fracture acute	F
Fracture non union/ malalignment	G
Other diagnosis *2	U
Metastatic cancer *3	Y

Type of Procedure	Region of Body	Diagnosis Description	Functional Limitation			
E.g. Primary knee arthroplasty due to arthritis,						
moderate to high pain and moderate risk to						
functional in	mpairment					
Р	KN	Α	S12			

E.g. Hip revision for failed prosthetic joint with					
mild to moderate pain and some risk of					
structural integrity or impairment, but					
managing symptoms					
D HI D S26					

^{*2} Other diagnosis: If you use 'other diagnosis' (Code U), please contact your ACATS Lead to discuss the need for modifications to this arthroplasty build a code.

*3 Metastatic cancer:

Only use this code for a joint arthroplasty (primary or revision). Otherwise, use the MSK Oncology section.

- *4 Prosthetic complication (Code B) includes (from CIHI):
- Aseptic loosening
- Implant dislocation or fracture
- Instability
- Peri-prosthetic fracture of femur or acetabulum

	Difficulty managing symptoms, high risk to progressively get worse						
	Severe risk to the structural integrity of bone or joint						
S2	Moderate risk of infection progression	Within 2					
32	Inability to perform ADL						
	Imminent loss of independence or function						
	Extreme pain reported by patient						
	Able to manage symptoms, high risk to progressively get worse						
	High risk to the structural integrity of bone or joint						
S6	Low risk of infection progression						
30	High impact in ability to perform ADL	Weeks					
	High risk of loss of independence or function						
	Severe pain reported by patient						
	Able to manage symptoms, moderate risk to progressively get worse						
	High risk to the structural integrity of bone or joint						
S12	No risk of infection progression	Within 12					
312	Moderate impact in ability to perform ADL	Weeks					
	Moderate risk of loss of independence or function						
	Moderate to severe pain reported by patient						
	Able to manage symptoms						
	Moderate risk to the structural integrity of bone or joint						
S26	No risk of infection progression	Within 26					
320	Low impact in ability to perform ADL	Weeks					
	Low risk of loss of independence or function						
	Mild to moderate pain reported by patient						

Functional Limitations

Pain Scale					
10	Extreme				
7-9	Severe				
4-6	Moderate				
1-3	Mild				
0	No Pain				

Primary Arthroplasty (P):

Any surgery on joints using new prosthetic replacement parts. This includes total, hemi and bilateral scheduled arthroplasty.

Revision Arthroplasty (R):

Any joint surgery where current parts are replaced, or additional parts are added.

Please contact your ACATS Lead with any code change requests.



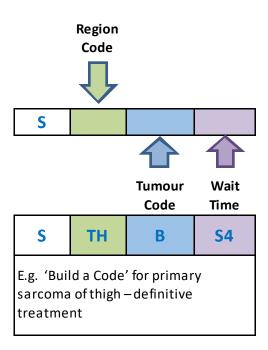
Musculoskeletal Tumours (MSK Oncology)

Alberta Coding Access Targets for Surgery (ACATS)

REGION	Head & Neck	Shoulder	Axillary	Upper Arm	Elbow	Forearm	Wrist	Hand	Buttocks
CODE	HN	SH	AX	UA	EL	FA	WR	НА	BU

REGION	Pelvis	Hip	Thigh	Knee	Lower Leg	Ankle	Foot	Trunk
CODE	PE	H	TH	KN	Ш	AN	FO	TR

Diagnosis Description	Subcategory	Tumour Code	Suggested Wait Time	
Suspected malignancy – soft tissue or bone – for biopsy	Cancer Suspected	Α	Within 2 weeks (S2)	
Primary sarcoma – soft tissue or bone – definitive treatment	Cancer	В	Within 4 weeks (S4)	
Secondary (metastatic) tumour of bone – incipient fracture	Cancer	С	Within 2 weeks (S2)	
Recurrent musculoskeletal sarcoma	Cancer	D	Within 4 weeks (S4)	
Benign aggressive lesion – soft tissue or bone – definitive treatment	None or Benign	F	Within 4 weeks (S4)	
Benign lesion – soft tissue or bone – definitive treatment	None or Benign	G	Within 12 weeks (\$12)	
Post-surgical wound or implant care	None or Benign	Н	Within 4 weeks (S4)	



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- 1) Orthopedic Surgery
- 2) Joint Arthroplasty Surgery (procedure grouping, required for reporting)
 - $\hbox{-} \textit{Metastatic cancer for joint arthroplasty captured in this section, not MSK Oncology}$
- 3) Musculoskeletal Tumours (MSK Oncology)