Respiratory Illness Outbreak

Checklist for correctional centres

Includes COVID-19, influenza and other respiratory illness outbreaks

This checklist provides general measures for controlling respiratory illness outbreaks. Refer to the <u>Guide for Outbreak Prevention & Control in Correctional Centres</u> for detailed recommendations. When applicable, follow centre-specific policies.

Medically isolate symptomatic or confirmed clients (refer to section 1.3 and 3.1)

Perform hand hygiene and practice respiratory etiquette.

Conduct an Infection Prevention and Control Risk Assessment prior to every client interaction and use personal protective equipment (PPE).

□ Identify newly symptomatic or confirmed clients.

☐ Medically isolate symptomatic or confirmed clients on Droplet and Contact precautions.

COVID-19 If the pathogen is COVID-19



□ Follow centre processes for COVID-19 outpatient treatment for eligible clients who test positive for COVID-19.

Influenza If the pathogen is influenza



□ Follow centre processes for oseltamivir (Tamiflu) treatment for eligible clients who test positive for influenza.

Communicate and coordinate (refer to section 3. 2)

□ Implement continuous masking and eye protection for HCW/staff and client workers.

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□ Inform HCW/staff, clients and partners of the outbreak.

Post outbreak signs at the centre/unit/range entrance.

Direct HCW/staff to not attend work when ill and report symptoms to the manager/designate.

Report new respiratory illness cases daily using the Facility CDC Outbreak Daily Report Portal.

Direct HCW/staff to care for asymptomatic clients before symptomatic and confirmed clients.

□ Cohort HCW/staff and client workers to work only in affected areas or only in unaffected areas.

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Influenza If the outbreak pathogen is influenza



□ Follow employer policies regarding work attendance, work restriction, masking and eye protection.

Follow centre processes for provision of oseltamivir (Tamiflu) prophylaxis to eligible asymptomatic clients, regardless of immunization status.

Complete outbreak environmental cleaning and disinfection (refer to section 3. 3)

□ Increase cleaning and disinfection frequency.

Immediately clean and disinfect visibly dirty surfaces.

Perform cleaning and disinfection wearing PPE and use a disinfectant that kills respiratory viruses.

Clean and disinfect cell/medical isolation space, moving from clean to dirty. Clean bathroom last.

Plan safe activities for clients who are not isolating (refer to section 3.4)

- Use physical distancing and hand hygiene for low-risk group activities and encourage masking.
- Postpone/cancel high-risk group activities if directed by the AHS Public Health Outbreak team.
- Use virtual court attendance where possible. Use preventative measures such as hand hygiene and physical distancing for in-person court attendance.

Plan safe visits (refer to section 3.5)

□ Provide safe visiting guidance to visitors.

Enforce a complete closure of personal client visitation if directed by Correctional Services division.

Admission, transfers and discharge restrictions (refer to sections 3. 6 and 3.7)

Implement restrictions for the centre/unit/range as directed.

Use food service modifications (refer to section 3.8)

□ Initiate outbreak modifications for food service.

Provide meal service to medically isolating clients in their cell/medical isolation space.

Specimen collection (refer to section 3. 9)

- Collect specimens as directed by the AHS Public Health Outbreak team.
- Ensure proper specimen collection, handling and labeling, including the outbreak EI number.