

## The Three Needs + Follow-up Disclosure Model reminder checklist

The Three Needs + Follow-up Disclosure Model Reminder Checklist		
The important elements of disclosure and related clinical care. Updated November 2019		
Use this set of reminders to help guide communications and support patients and families.		
Meet the patient's clinical needs		
Protect the patient and others: Make the clinical environment safe		
(for example, remove biohazards and malfunctioning equipment)		
Address urgent clinical matters		
Provide options and propose a clinical way forward to mitigate the har clinical investigations, treatments, and consultations - Do not overpron		
Facilitate further testing, treatments and consultations		
Consider if it would be best for further clinical care to be assumed by arrangements	others, and make timely	
Introduce other providers if care is being transferred		
Ensure the patient has their necessary equipment, e.g., hearing aides	glasses, assistive devices	
Considerations in planning initial (early) disclosure meetings		
Appropriately report the event, call for help and advice		
Consider who should be at the meeting		
All team members should participate in planning		
Determine a preliminary understanding of the facts and the main discudisclosure of the known facts.	ssion points, agree on full	
Discuss what questions might reasonably be asked, and determine ho	w to respond	
Anticipate the patient's emotional reactions		
Determine where to meet (ideally private place free of interruptions)		
Plan roles – who will lead, how team members will support each other		
Meet the patient/family as soon as reasonably possible		
Confirm whether there will be a formal review of what happened		
Arrange social work, translation, cultural and spiritual support as requi	red	
Consider having a patient advocate present at the meeting		

Discussions at initial (early) meetings		
Introd	uce everyone	
Ideally	sit at eye level; Provide your undivided attention	
Listen actively, display empathy and provide support in a manner that promotes reconciliation		
Ask w	hat people's needs are - do not make assumptions	
Be fle	xible in approach, adjusting to meet needs and concerns	
Meet the patie	ent's emotional needs	
Empa	Empathize, express regret and apologize appropriately early and at the end of the meeting	
Be cu	Be culturally sensitive and respectful	
Respo	and to the patient's concerns	
Meet the patie	ent's information needs	
If lang	uage barrier, ensure translator is present at the meeting.	
Ackno	wledge event	
Delibe	erately seek out everyone's experience and concerns early in the meeting.	
Ask if an explanation would be helpful. If this is confirmed, provide factual information on what is known.		
Avoid	using healthcare jargon	
Do not speculate		
Do not blame each other or others		
Commit to learning what happened and improving		
Answe	er questions	
	known that a formal review of care is going to happen, share this information. Don't promise a $\gamma$ unless this has been confirmed	
II I	consideration and analysis: Early on in the meeting, state accountabilities as appropriate with s now known. Apologize appropriately	
+ Follow-up needs		
Comn	nit to follow up	
II I	ain open channels to answer further questions - provide specific contact information for a single of contact (name and telephone number)	
Documentation in the clinical record		
11 1	ant details, including meeting date and time, who was present, matters discussed, and ssions of empathy	
Patier	nt's condition	
Invest	igation and treatment plans, including informed consent discussions	