# Summary Sheet

# AHS Consent to Treatment / Procedure(s) Policy

Alberta Health Services (AHS) is committed to best practice which contributes to Patient safety, and enhances the Patient experience. The AHS Consent to Treatment/Procedure(s) policy and procedures will facilitate a fair, respectful and informed Consent Process that is achieved consistently across the organization.

# **The Consent Process**

Obtaining consent is a process involving a discussion or series of discussions and interactions between the Most Responsible Health Practitioner and the Patient, his/her Co-Decision Maker or Alternate Decision-Maker (as applicable). There are five steps to the process:

#### Step 1. The determination of Capacity

Assess the Patient's Capacity to make the decision at hand

# Step 2. The provision of relevant information

Provide the Patient with the information required to understand the proposed Treatment/Procedures and to make an informed decision

#### Step 3. The verification of understanding

Provide the Patient with the opportunity to ask questions and provide understandable answers

### Step 4. The decision-making

Patient makes the health care decision

# Step 5. Documentation of the Consent Process and outcome

Ensure appropriate documentation of the Consent Process and outcomes on the Patient's Health Record

#### **Emergency Health Care**

#### Adult Patient:

Emergency health care may be provided to an Adult without consent if health care is necessary to:

- Preserve the Adult's life;

- Prevent serious physical or mental harm to the adult; or

### - Alleviate severe pain

# AND

1. The Adult lacks Capacity to consent as a result of drug or alcohol impairment, lack of consciousness or another cause.

2. There is no knowledge/evidence that the Adult had previously expressed wishes to the contrary.

3. No Guardian or Agent for the Adult in existence or immediately available and accessible.

#### **Minor Patient:**

Emergency health care for a Minor may be provided where a Mature Minor or Legal Representative is unable to provide consent if the Minor has an illness or injury and their life or health is immediately threatened.

#### AND

There is no knowledge that the Mature Minor or Legal Representative would have objected to the Treatment/Procedure.

#### Disclaimer

This summary sheet is intended to be a guide and is not to replace the content of the AHS policy Consent to Treatment/Procedure(s) and its related procedures or legal advice. Examples herein are for illustrative purposes only; the application of the AHS policy/procedures and legislation may vary depending on circumstances unique to each situation. Readers are encouraged to view the policy/procedure documents and legislation directly and should consult Professional Practice Consultation Service (PPCS) {practice.consultation@ahs.ca} if in need of clarification.

# Refusal / Withdrawal

#### Adult Patient:

An Adult Patient determined to have Capacity has the right to refuse or revoke a prior consent to a proposed Treatment/Procedure on any grounds, even when it is clear that the health care is necessary to preserve their life or health.

#### **Minor Patient:**

In the event that a Mature Minor, or the Legal Representative for a Minor, refuses to provide consent or withdraws consent for essential medical, surgical or other remedial Treatment necessary for the health or well-being of the Mature Minor or Minor, this shall be immediately reported to the Director of Child and Family Services Authority.

# **Duration of Consent**

A consent is valid until:

- The Treatment/Procedure consented to is performed
- The Patient's condition changes
- The Patient withdraws the consent
- Further risks become known
- Alternative Treatments become available



HPSP, IPR