

## Post COVID-19 Recovery

### Nutrition, Eating, Feeding & Swallowing

**Provincial COVID Rehabilitation Provider Education Sessions** 

Ajay Mysore Narasimha MBA, R.SLP S-LP (C) Christine Gregoire Gau, BSc OT, MRSc Stephanie Krug, MAdEd, RD

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### **Land Acknowledgement**

We acknowledge that we are gathered virtually today on the Territories of Treaty 6, Treaty 7, and Treaty 8 and Métis Regions 1, through 6.

These territories are home to many Indigenous Peoples, including the Blackfoot, Cree, Dene, Saulteaux, Ojibwe, Stoney Nakota Sioux, and Tsuut'ina peoples, the Métis Nations of Alberta and the 8 Métis Settlements.

We respect the Treaties that were made on these territories, we acknowledge the harms and mistakes of the past, and we dedicate ourselves to moving forward in partnership with Indigenous communities in a spirit of reconciliation and collaboration.









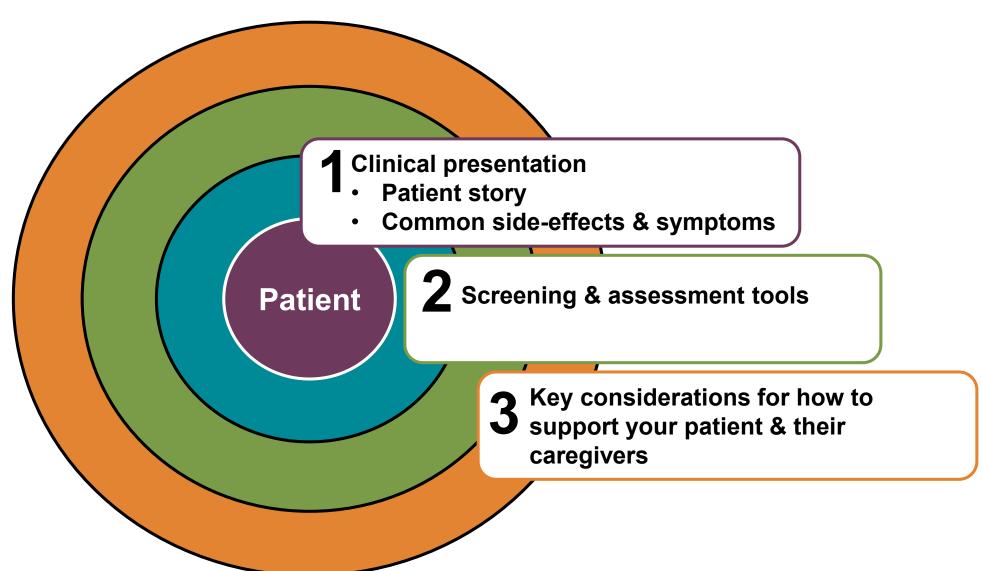
### **Acknowledgements**

- Paul Hemsing, Patient
- Carmen Lazorek, Practice Director, Provincial Occupational Therapy
- Cherie Henderson, Professional Practice Lead, Occupational Therapy
- Julie Evans, Practice Director, Provincial Speech-Language Pathology
- Marlis Atkins, Nutrition Services Director, Provincial Initiatives & Integrated Services
- Vanessa Dooley, Professional Practice Lead, Respiratory Therapy





### **Outline**





### Resource Access



#### On AHS Insite:

Guide to Clinical Feeding & Swallowing Assessment in Adults

Practice.Consultation@ahs.ca



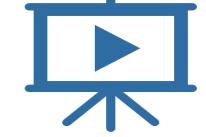
### **Patient Story: Paul**

- 50-year-old male
- Past medical history: HTN
- Presentation: Some chest discomfort, feeling short of breath, very mild sporadic cough.
  - AstraZeneca vaccine (Apr-2020)
  - Experienced worsening headaches accompanied by generalized pain and fevers
- COVID-19 +ive (18-May-2021)
- ICU stay: 42 days
  - Intubation and mechanical ventilation (18-May-2021)
  - Tracheostomy (16-Jun-2021)
  - Intake: NPO + NG tube feeds





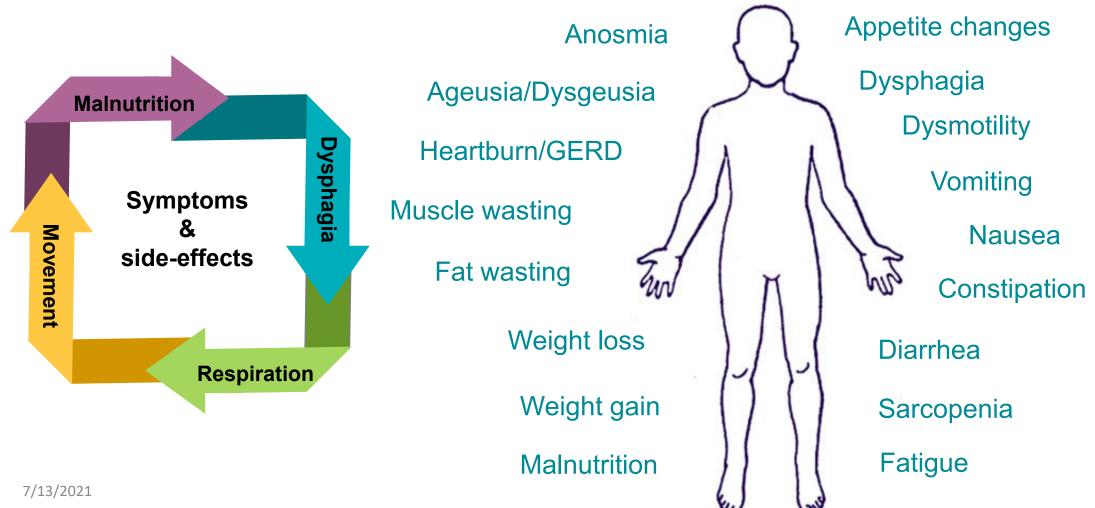
### **Patient Story: Paul**



- Received intensive rehabilitation with subsequent decannulation (26-Jun-2021)
  - VFSS completed (28-Jun-2021)
  - Oral nutrition (28-Jun-2021)
- Significant improvement with ADLs and mobility
- Complications: Bilateral frozen shoulders, sacral ulcer requiring debridement
- Discharge to home (5-Jul-2021)
  - Walker
  - Shower chair



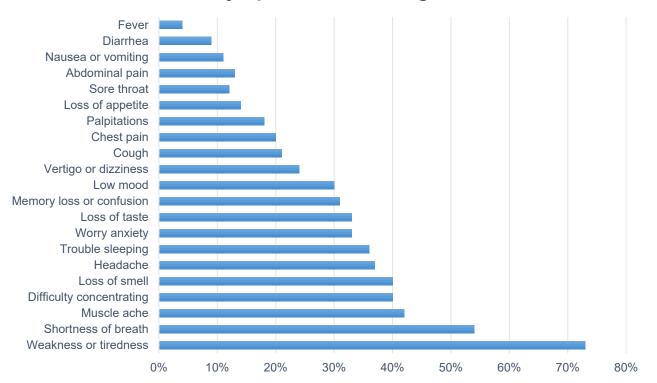
### **Clinical Presentation of Post-COVID-19**





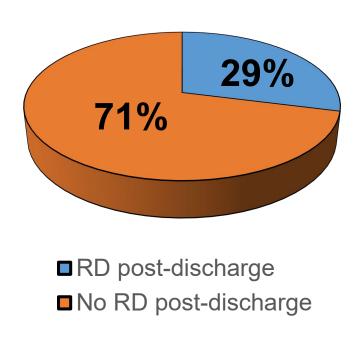
### **Post-COVID-19 Symptom Occurrence**

#### **COVID-19 Symptoms Persisting > 12 weeks**



(Office for National Statistics (ons.gov.uk), 2021)

#### **Dietetic Involvement Post-Discharge**

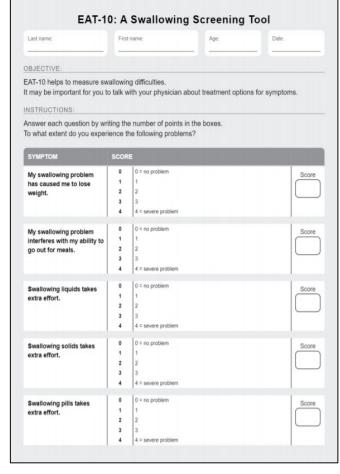


(The COVED Study, 2021)



### **Nutrition and EFS Screening Tools**

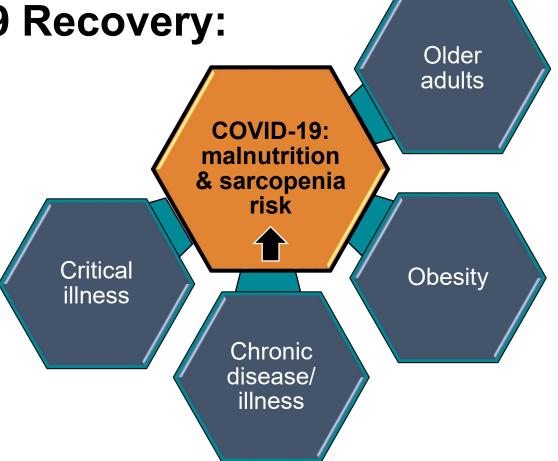
#### **CANADIAN NUTRITION SCREENING TOOL (CNST)** Identify patients who are at risk for malnutrition Rescreening Ask the patient the following questions' No Yes Have you lost weight in the past 6 months WITHOUT TRYING to lose this weight? If the patient reports a weight loss but gained it back, consider it as NO weight loss. Have you been eating less than usual FOR MORE THAN Two "YES" answers indicate nutrition risk<sup>†</sup> Patients at nutrition risk need an assessment to confirm malnutrition Nutrition screening using a valid tool can generate a significant volume of requests for nutrition evaluation. Subjective Global Assessment (SGA) is a simple and efficient first-line assessment of nutritional status that can be used following a positive screening and to help prioritize cases. If a patient is malnourished (SGA B or C), an in-depth nutrition assessment, along with treatment, is required by a registered dietitian. The Canadian Nutrition Screening Tool was rigorously validated and tested for reliability in Canadian hospitals. Non-expert raters completed the tool and it was compared to the SGA conducted by a dietitian or trained nutrition researcher. † If a patient is not at risk, rescreen within a week. Only consider weight change in the past week



		Alberta Health	CLIENT LABEL HERE. If label is not used, the following information is required:	
			Name:	
		Services	Birthdate: (yyyy-Mon-dd) Gender: F M	
F	₹oya	Brisbane & Women's Hospital (RBWH)	PHN:	
	_	DYSPHAGIA SCREENING TOOL	ULI:	
		Screening Procedure for Patients with Dys ONLY TO BE USED BY TRAINE		
PHASE YES		Does the patient have any of the following or previous history		
TLO	- NO	Dysphagia or aspiration risk on previous admission(s)	y of the following r (check yee of no)	
	$\Box$	COPD +/- upper GI disorder		
-	$\vdash$	Stroke (CVA) Neurological Involvement		
	$\Box$	Head injury		
	$\Box$	Head and neck cancer +/- surgery / chemotherapy / radiation	n	
-	$\vdash$	Orthopaedic conditions - #Neck Of Femur, cervical spinal su Acutely unwell, frail aged with co-morbidities	urgery	
$\neg$	$\vdash$	Suspected aspiration pneumonia / recurrent chest infections		
		Severe disability (e.g. physical disability)		
		boxes are checked NO, patient to have usual modified diet, or regu piete SWALLOWING MANAGEMENT PLAN below. DAILY SWAL		
		S to any of the above boxes, proceed to Phase 2.	LOW SOULER TO BE SUITATED.	
PHASE	E 2			
YES	NO	Interview with the patient / family / caregiver (check yes or no Do you have difficulty eating food / drinking fluid?	1)	
-	$\vdash$	Do you cough or have choking episodes while eating / drinking	nq?	
$\neg$	$\Box$	Do you need to modify the food you eat? E.g. softer or small		
_	$\vdash$	If YES, provide details of diet and fluid consistency.  Do you get chest infections? Is it recent?□ Yes □ No	Has it been investigated before? ☐ Yes ☐ No	
YES	NO			
		Altered LOC / reduced responsiveness		
$\equiv$	$\vdash$	Respiratory rate >30bpm Siurred speech (dysarthria)		
-	$\vdash$	Weak / absent volitional cough		
		Not managing oral secretions(drooling, wet voice)		
-	$\vdash$	Weak voice (dysphonia)  Suspected aspiration pneumonia / recurrent chest infections		
$\neg$	$\vdash$	Documented or history of dysphagia / aspiration risk		
	$\Box$	Reports difficulty swallowing		
	$\vdash$	Reported coughing / choking episodes while eating / drinking WATER TEST: Administrationally if NO has been checked for Al	g LL Indicators of dysphagia. Give patient 85mi (1/3 cup) water.	
-	$\vdash$	Coughing during or between swallows, or up to one minute a		
		Wet / gurgly or hoarse voice after swallowing		
$\overline{}$	Increased respiratory rate after swallowing  If NO to ALL of the above INDICATORS AND the WATER TEST, patient to have usual modified diet or regular diet and thin fluids.			
		plete swallowing management plan, DAILY SWALLOWING SCREI		
	• If Y	ES to any of the above INDICATORS OR the WATER TEST, ref	fer for feeding / swallowing assessment.	
		tient is to remain NPO pending feeding / swallowing assessme eck YES in Swallowing Management Plan and complete same.		
	LLOW	ING MANAGEMENT PLAN		
YES	NO			
		Patient identified as dysphagic or aspiration risk		
	If NO	O, ☐ recommend regular diet and thin fluids; or ☐ Reco	ommend usual modified diet / fluids (see orders)	
	If Y	ES: Recommend NPO. Refer to Stroke Order Set re	garding guidelines for IV / NG use & oral care.	
		☐ Physician notified.		
		☐ Referral generated for feeding / swallowing asse	essment.	
Indiv	idual	Completing Screen:		
Signat		Printed Name	Date (1999y-Mon-dd) / Time (Phinm)	
	lure	Fillies name	Date / Time	



**Nutrition** 



Nutrition Guideline:
Frailty, Nutrition Risk, and
Malnutrition in Seniors

Prevalence

Up to

1 in 2 adult²
1 in 3 pediatric³⁴\*
patients are malnourished
on hospital admission
\* to a tertiary hospital

Canadian Malnutrition Task Force (2020)

Prevention, timely recognition and treatment of malnutrition should be standard care for patients with COVID-19

European Society for Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism (ESPEN)



### **Post-COVID-19 Recovery: Nutrition**



Macronutrients & hydration

Mental & emotional health

Micronutrients, probiotics, & functional foods

Unintentional weight gain

- Optimize calories, protein
- Encourage hydration
- Side-effects = challenges
- Eating disorders & disordered eating
- Low interest in eating
- Worsening nutrition intake
- Correct lab values
- Foods vs. supplements

 Change in eating patterns, stress, mental burden, reduced physical activity



### **Post-COVID-19 Recovery: Nutrition**

Practical strategies for Post-COVID-19 fatigue:

- Eat 6 smaller meals
- Use adaptive tools
- Try finger foods
- Modify textures
- Keep oral nutrition supplements or shelf-stable snacks in common areas at home
- Reheat ready-made foods
- Use meal or food delivery programs



AHS.ca/Nutrition



Validate their experience

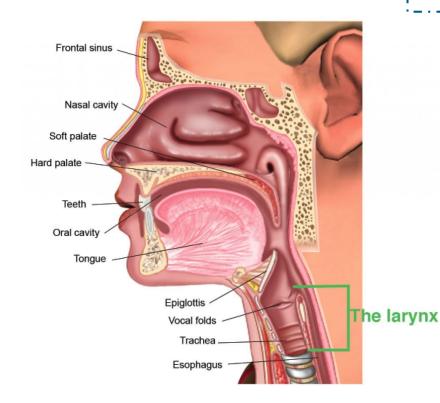


### **Clinical Presentation – Red Flags**

- Unintentional weight loss
- Dehydration
- Dyspnea
- Oxygen desaturation
- Pneumonia
- Fatigue
- With food or fluid consumption:
  - Cough
  - Voice changes

#### On AHS Insite:

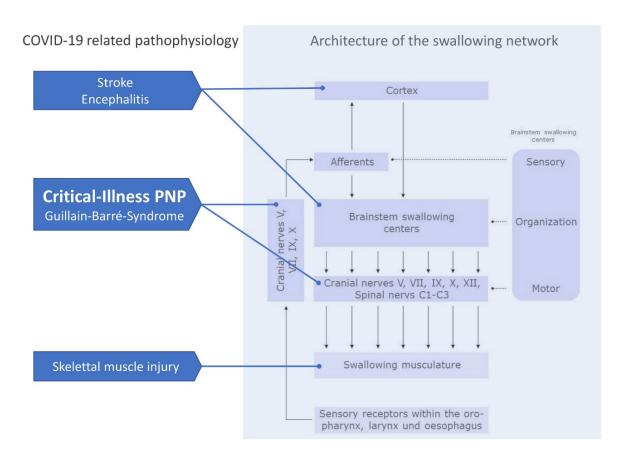
Guide to Clinical Feeding & Swallowing Assessment in Adults



Elite Healthcare (2016): Inpatient Dysphagia: A Case Study



### Post-COVID-19 Recovery: Dysphagia



#### On AHS Insite:

Eating, Feeding and Swallowing Standardized Service (Adults)

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**DECONDITIONING** 

**EMOTIONAL** 

**HEALTH** 

### Post-COVID-19 Recovery: Dysphagia

Swallowing-

Posture

Mobility

breathing incoordination

High Flow Nasal Cannula

POST INTENSIVE CARE SYNDROME (PICS)

Physical Commence
Oral Commence-

**Abilities** 

ment

#### On AHS Insite:

Eating, Feeding and Swallowing Standardized Service (Adults)

Visual attention

Endotracheal

tracheostomy

#### **COMPLICATIONS**

- Sedation
- Delirium
- High volume expectoration

7/13/2021

17



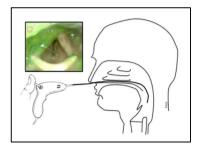
### Post-COVID-19 Recovery: Dysphagia

#### Instrumental Assessments: VFSS

- Clients recovering from severe COVID-19 and long stay in the ICU
  - Higher incidence of swallowing disorder and silent aspiration

#### FEES: fewer studies

 AGMP (Aerosol Generating Medical Procedure)

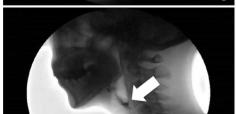


SA Swallowing Services, PLLC. (2021). FEES 2021: Instrumental Dysphagia Assessment

#### On AHS Insite:

Eating, Feeding and **Swallowing Standardized** Service (Adults)





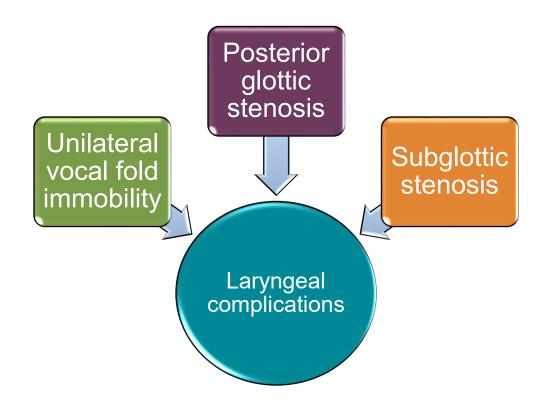


(Lee, Lee, Yoo, & Shin, 2017)



### **Dysphonia**

- Prevalence of Dysphonia: 70% of patients admitted with COVID-19 (Archer et.al, 2021)
- Patients with dysphonia and intubated >5 days have increased risk for laryngeal injury and voice impairment (Archer et.al, 2021)
- Risk factors: Prolonged intubation and prone-positioning





### Posture and Positioning

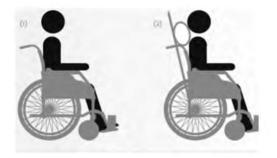


Figure 1. Recommended safe positioning in a standard or modified wheelchair as well as in an armchair. Client in an upright position as close to 90° as possible, feet on leg rests. Pillows or bolsters can be used to help obtain an upright position (Szpiech, 2014).



Figure 2. Recommended safe positioning in bed with head of bed anywhere between 75° and 90°. Use pillows and bolsters to prevent sliding in bed while maintaining an upright position (Szpiech, 2014).

Images from: Self feeding with the Adult Population: Back to Basics AOTA August 2020





Images retrieved from https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/covid19/symptoms/breathlessness/



# Post-COVID-19 Recovery: OT Cognition



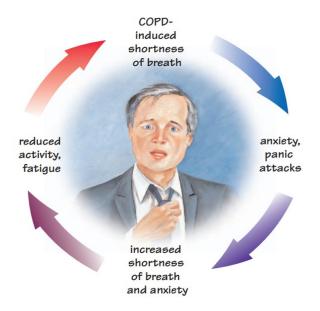
https://otworldandme.wordpress.com/2020/07/01/cognitive-approach-in-occupational-therapy/

- 'Brain fog' can last for months after the initial infection.
- Clinically significant cognitive impairment can range
- From 59% to 65% of hospitalized individuals with COVIE (Miskowiak, 2021)

### Psychosocial and cultural impact

Anxiety – Breathlessness cycle

#### The Anxiety-Breathlessness Cycle



https://www.livingwellwithcopd.com/DATA/DOCUMENT/63 en~v~managing-your-stress-anxiety.pdf



### **Energy conservation**

- Patient logging and monitoring
  - Modified Borg
  - Pulse oximeters
    - Practicalities and cautions (Greenlaugh et al 2021)





**Adaptive Equipment** 















- Screening, assessment, and diagnostic assessments are widely available.
- Two examples of PROMS to evaluate the patient's perception of health and quality of life are presented.
- Consideration of how impairment impacts activity, participation, and wellbeing.
- Incorporates caregiver, family perspectives. Reflects change across points of care.
  - Australia Therapy Outcome Measures / AusTOMS
- Consideration of outcomes important to patients.
  - Swallowing Quality of Life questionnaire / SWAL-QOL
  - 10 domains
  - Scored 0-100 (extremely impaired to no impairment)

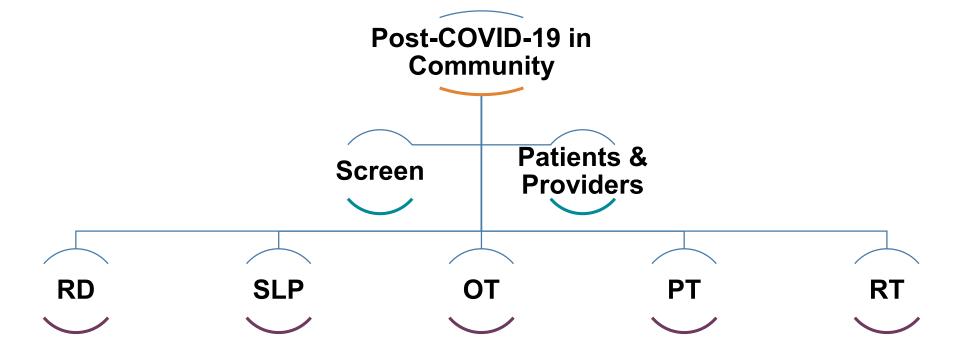
#### On AHS Insite:

Guide to Clinical Feeding & Swallowing Assessment in Adults



# Nutrition, Eating, Feeding & Swallowing: Key Messages







### **Patient Education Workshops**

# Helping You Feel Better after COVID-19

AHLP Calgary Zone

Open to all Albertans

#### For more details or to register:



- Visit ahs.ca/ahlp → Calgary Zone
   →Online Registration
- Call 403-943-2584 (long distance charges may apply)

#### Helping You Feel Better after COVID-19

#### Free courses for adults with ongoing COVID-19 symptoms

If you are one of the many Alberta adults living with COVID symptoms months after your diagnosis, our free classes can help you. You can take one or all of our five online Zoom sessions. Topics include breathing, eating, sleeping, stress, activity and more. You can take any of our online Zoom classes in any combination and in any order. Our healthcare experts will offer tips and advice to help improve your recovery and your quality of life. You can learn in the comfort of your home and no referral is needed.

Class names	Topics covered
Eating after COVID-19	Eating, drinking and swallowing     Loss of taste and smell
Managing Breathing and Sleep	Shortness of breath and persistent cough     Getting restful sleep
Managing Daily Life	<ul> <li>Getting back to your daily activities</li> <li>Conserving your energy</li> <li>Coping with cognitive changes</li> <li>Returning to work, school and leisure</li> </ul>
Managing Pain and Getting Active	Coping with muscle and joint pain     Physical activity and long COVID
Managing Stress	Strategies for self-care     Mental wellness

#### Registration details

Classes are available to anyone in Alberta 18 years old and over.

You will need an internet connection.

You will need to be physically present in Alberta when you take the class.

For more details or to register:

- Visit <u>ahs.ca/ahlp</u> → Calgary Zone → Online Registration
- Call 403-943-2584 (long distance charges may apply)



### **Community Referrals**

## Registered Dietitian

- AHS.ca/Nutrition
- AHS.ca/NutritionResources
- <u>Albertareferraldirectory.ca</u>

### If patients have ?'s or for self-referrals

- Health Link 811 (ask to talk to a dietitian)
- AHS.ca/NutritionWorkshops
- Alberta Healthy Living Program

# Speech-Language Pathologist

Albertareferraldirectory.ca

### If patients have ?'s or for self-referrals

- Family Physician
- Health Link 811

# Occupational Therapist

Albertareferraldirectory.ca

### If patients have ?'s or for self-referrals

 For Albertans, Rehabilitation Advice Line 1-833-379-0563



### **Questions?**

SLP

Ajay Mysore Narasimha MBA, SLP, SLP- (C)

Speech Language Pathologist Medicine Hat Regional Hospital

OT

**Christine Gregoire Gau, BSc OT, MRSc** 

Occupational Therapist
Camrose Community
Rehabilitation
Covenant Health
St. Mary's Hospital, Camrose

Practice.Consultation@ahs.ca

RD

Stephanie Krug, MAdEd, RD

Registered Dietitian
Provincial Practice Lead
Nutrition Education Resources



### **For More Information**

- Allied Health Practice and Education Hub
  - COVID-19 Resources:
    - Nutrition for Recovery and Rehabilitation
    - Rehabilitation (OT, PT, SLP, RecT, TA, Aud)
  - Practice.consultation@ahs.ca
- Post COVID Provider Resource Webpage (AHS external)
  - COVID-19 Recovery & Rehabilitation After COVID-19: Resources for Health Professionals
- College of Professional Association EFS Guidelines and Standards of Practice
  - Alberta College of Speech-Language Pathologist and Audiologists: <u>Guidelines and protocols</u>
  - Alberta College of Occupational Therapists: <u>Position statement</u>
  - Canadian Association of Occupational Therapists: Position statement
  - College of Dietitians of Alberta: <u>Dysphagia competencies</u>



### **Rehabilitation Advice Line**

Rehabilitation advice can help you recover from injury, orthopedic surgery, COVID-19 or manage a neurological condition.

### A healthcare professional on the line can provide you with:

- Activities and exercises to help with physical concerns
- Strategies to manage day-to-day activities affected by these concerns
- Rehabilitation services open for in-person or virtual visits
- Community organizations available for support

1-833-379-0563



### **Mental Health Help Line**

24 hour, 7 day a week confidential service that provides support, information, and referrals to Albertans experiencing mental health concerns.

The line is staffed by a multidisciplinary team comprised of nurses, psychiatric nurses, social workers, occupational therapists, and psychologists.

- Confidential, anonymous service
- Information about mental health programs and services

1-877-303-2642



### **Additional Webinars**

Recordings are available: COVID-19 Recovery & Rehabilitation After COVID-19:

Resources for Health Professionals | AHS (Staff can also access here - Practice Wise Archives Insite)

- June 10 Physical Sequelae and Screening
- June 15 Maximizing Energy and Returning to Daily Activities and Meaningful Occupations
- June 22 Resuming Activity & Exercise
- June 29 Psychological, Spiritual and Social Considerations Important in Post-COVID Care
- July 6 Neurocognitive Sequelae, Functional Cognition and Cognitive Communication
- July 13 Nutrition, Eating, Feeding and Swallowing

### **Upcoming:**

• July 20 – Re-engagement in the Community



### Resources

- MyHealth AB: After COVID-19
- AHS.ca/HealthyAfterCovid
- AHS.ca/Nutrition
- AHS.ca/NutritionResources
- AHS.ca/NutritionWorkshops
- Allied Health Sharepoint: <u>Feeding and</u>
   <u>Swallowing Learning Resources Basic to</u>
   <u>Advanced</u>
- Health Professions Strategy & Practice (<a href="https://insite.albertahealthservices.ca/hps">https://insite.albertahealthservices.ca/hps</a>
   p/Page7857.aspx

- SLP Learning Resources for Foundational Competency in Dysphagia (<a href="https://insite.albertahealthservices.c">https://insite.albertahealthservices.c</a> a/Main/assets/tms/ahc/tms-ahcfeedswallow-resource.pdf)
- Eating, Feeding and Swallowing Services for Adults (<a href="https://insite.albertahealthservices.c">https://insite.albertahealthservices.c</a> a/main/assets/tms/hpsp/tms-hpspss-eating-feeding-swallowingadults.pdf)



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