



“Peace is not the absence of conflict, but rather the ability to manage it”.

AHS Quality Health Summit
Mindfulness: Finding Peace in a Frantic
World

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Disclaimer

Overview

- Introduction of mindfulness
- Review current literature
- Mindfulness practice: 10-minute Awareness of breath
- Stepping out of auto-pilot: 3-minute breathing space.

Paying attention, on purpose, in the present moment, non-judgmentally



Developing a different relationship with
our thoughts, emotions, and body
sensations.



Kindness plays an essential role



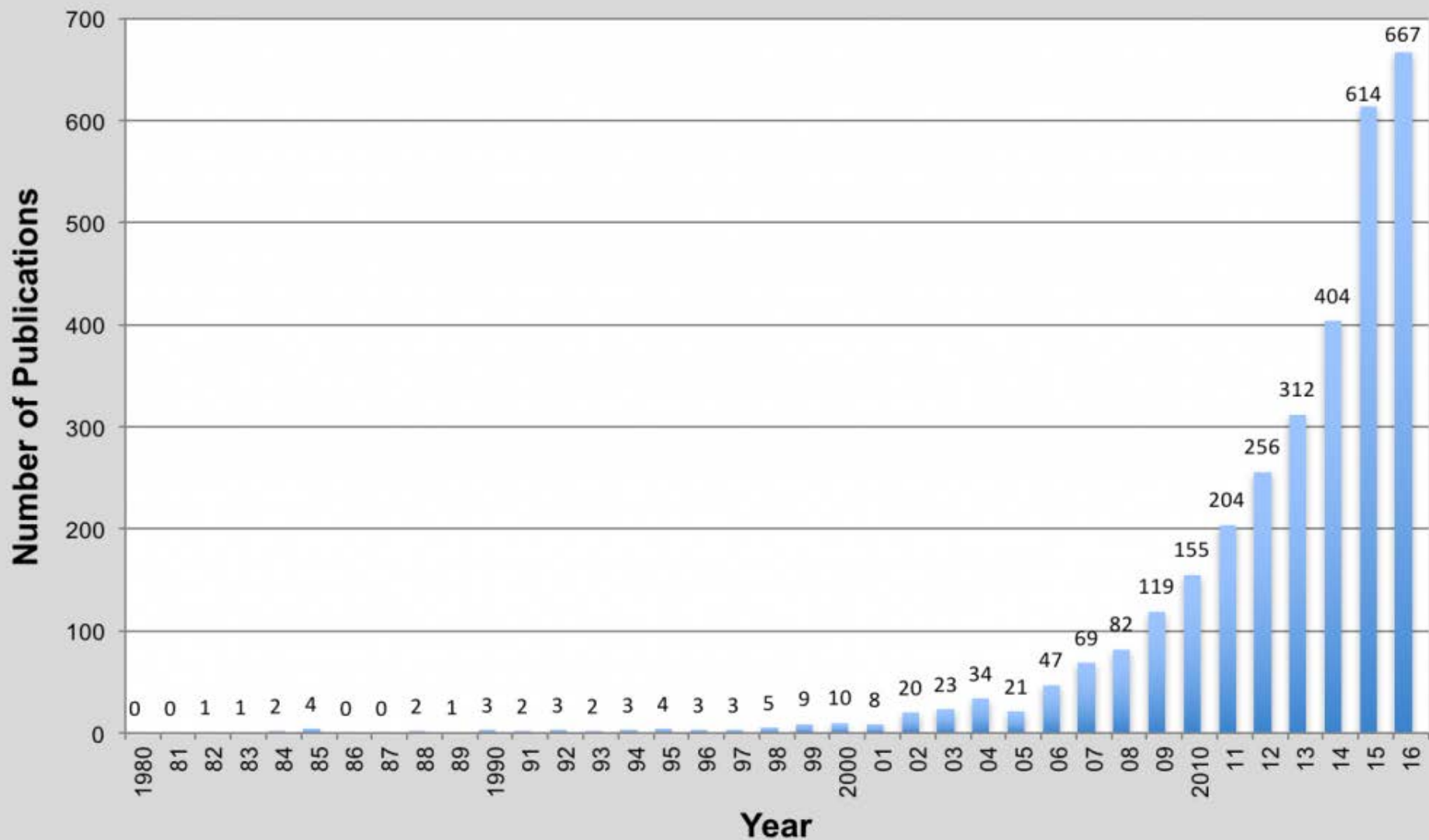
Awareness Training

1. Direct: Notice and engage
2. Sustain: Explore and understand
3. Shift: Let go

Benefits

- Improved sleep
- Improved emotional regulation and impulse control
- Decrease rumination and emotional reactivity
- Improved concentration, memory, and learning.

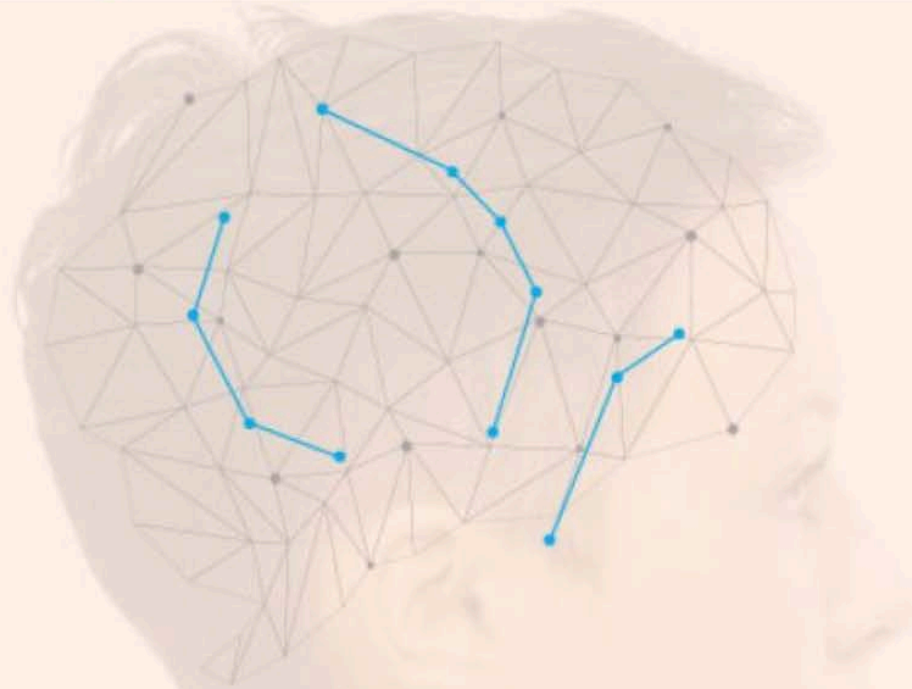
Mindfulness Journal Publications by Year, 1980-2016



American Mindfulness Research Association, 2017
Source: goAMRA.org

Emerging Research Areas

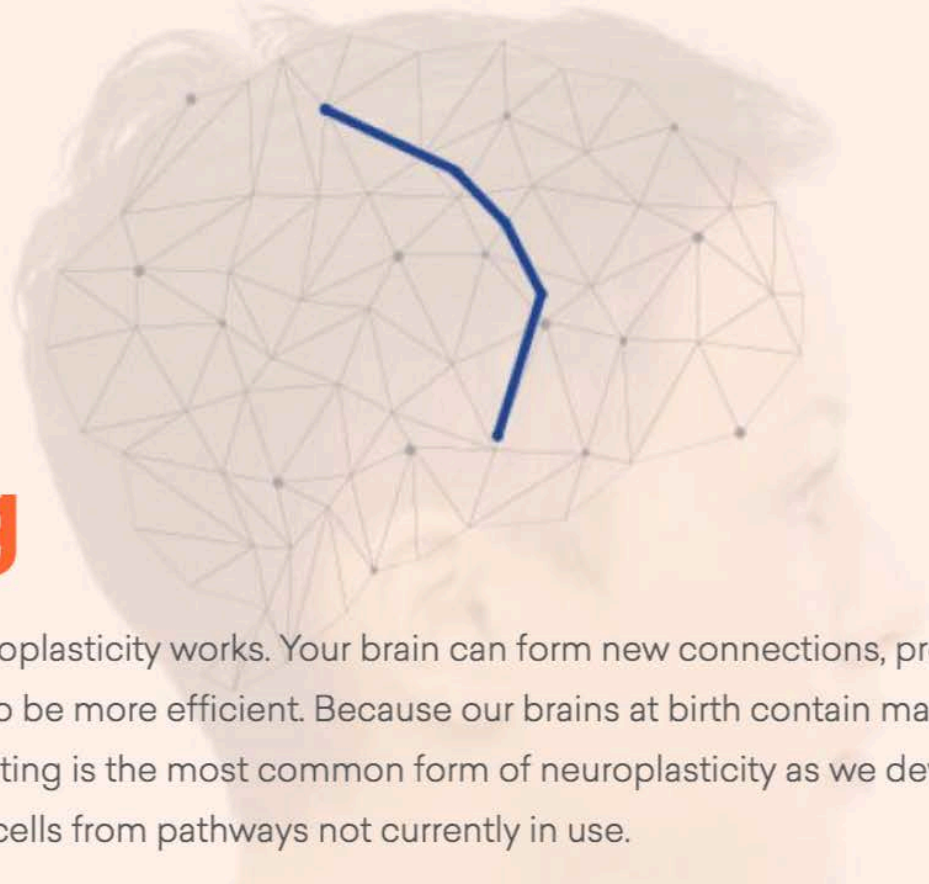
- Peri – post partum mental health
- Adverse childhood experiences
- PTSD
- Chronic depression
- Chronic pain
- Addictions
- ADHD
- Cancer



Making Connections

Within your brain, nerve cells called neurons signal to each other, forming connections that enable everything from bodily movement to thoughts and emotions. These networks are “roads” of sorts, and the more often they’re used, the more established they are in the brain – just like a road or path becomes worn over time.

<https://centerhealthyminds.org/feature/neuroplasticity>



Sculpting

There are different ways neuroplasticity works. Your brain can form new connections, produce new cells as well as sculpt existing connections to be more efficient. Because our brains at birth contain many more cells than we need for optimal functioning, sculpting is the most common form of neuroplasticity as we develop. This is the brain's way of being efficient and losing cells from pathways not currently in use.

Keep in mind that neuroplasticity isn't good or bad; it's neutral and always happening. However, through our work, we're learning we can shape our brains in more adaptive and beneficial ways by cultivating healthy habits of mind. The invitation is to use these insights to cultivate well-being in your own life.

<https://centerhealthyminds.org/feature/neuroplasticity>



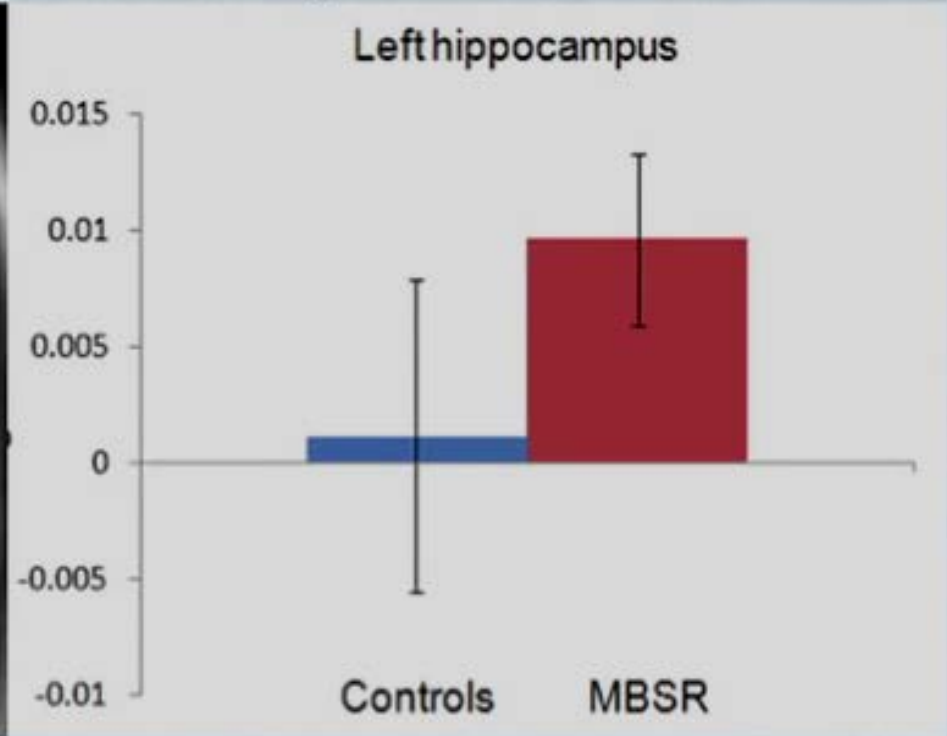
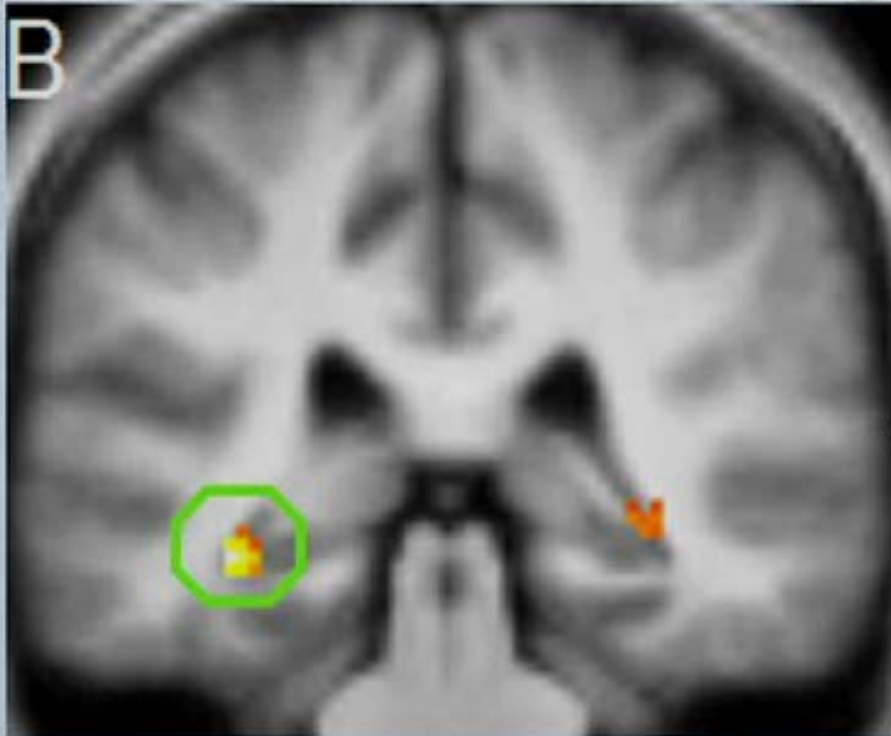
New Challenges

When given a challenging situation your brain hasn't encountered before, it can reorganize and restructure to respond to that situation. The more often your brain is exposed to that new challenge – like learning a musical instrument, for instance – the more it reorganizes and makes that path more established.

In addition, the more often your brain is exposed to difficult emotional challenges that are successfully navigated by healthy forms of emotion regulation, the more stable and enduring the neural pathways will become that promote well-being.

How Meditation Reshapes Our Brains

Left Hippocampus

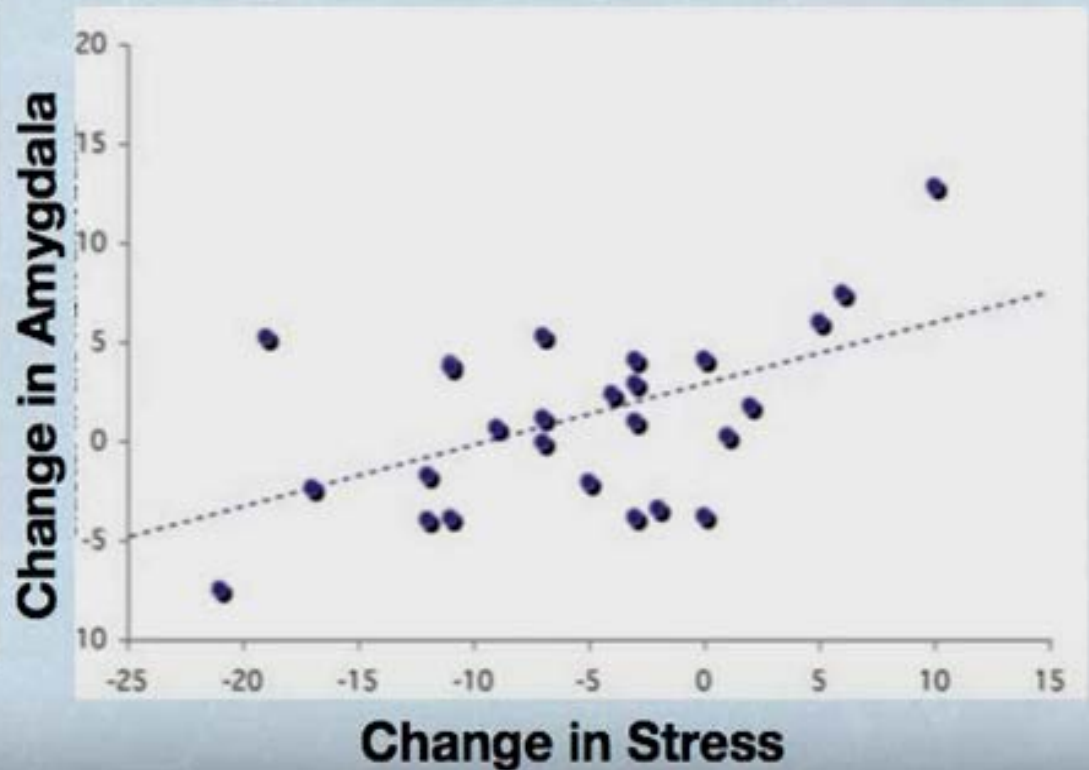


Assists learning and memory; emotion regulation.

Less gray matter in depression and PTSD

How Reshapes Our Brains

Change in stress correlates with change in amygdala gray matter



Mindfulness is not:

- About relaxing or clearing the mind.
- About controlling thoughts.
- Quick fix to unpleasantness.
- Necessarily easy or enjoyable in the beginning.

What We Resist Often Persists

Mindfulness practice: 10-minute awareness of breath

Inquiry

Stepping Out of Auto-Pilot

3-Minute Breathing Space

Questions?

Resources

Research

- American Mindfulness Research Association:
<https://goamra.org/>

Text

- Mindfulness: An 8-week plan to finding peace in a frantic world. Mark Williams and Danny Penman.

References

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