

## Wellness Articles

Attached are weekly health and wellness articles provided by Alberta Health Services. As a way to help all Albertans live a healthy life, we welcome and encourage weekly newspapers, community newsletters and other publications to reproduce this information free of charge. Credit to Alberta Health Services or the identified content provider would be appreciated.

If you would like to be added to the distribution list for these articles, please email: [Rebecca.johnson2@albertahealthservices.ca](mailto:Rebecca.johnson2@albertahealthservices.ca). You will receive a monthly email containing articles for the upcoming four weeks.

An archive of past wellness articles is available at <http://www.albertahealthservices.ca/9966.asp>

---

**Proposed publication date:** Sept. 1, 2020

**Content provided by:** Alberta Health Services, [myhealth.alberta.ca](http://myhealth.alberta.ca)

---

## Talking with your children about COVID-19

The start of the new school year can be both exciting and stressful for many kids and teens. The COVID-19 pandemic may make the transition back to school seem more challenging than ever before.

Parents and other trusted adults play a major role in helping kids understand back-to-school health and safety in an honest and accurate way. A calm, meaningful conversation may help minimize their fears and anxieties as students return to school this fall.

A few tips:

- Being safe today will help ensure you can have fun all year long.
- Let your children know it's OK if they're sad or scared about COVID-19. Accept their feelings without judging. Emotions come and go. It's OK to feel sad or upset or distressed. In most cases, these feelings do not last long.
- Avoid telling your child not to worry. The goal is to help your child realistically evaluate risk based on reliable information.
- Show them healthy ways to deal with stress, such as active living, meditation, regular sleep and healthy eating. They will learn how to deal with stress by watching and copying what you do.
- Maintain social connections. If you and your children cannot visit friends or family in person, reach out by phone or video chat. If possible, develop a cohort of up to 15 other people that you and your family can visit with, without having to maintain two metres of

distance. These visits will help maintain your social connections and make you—and those around you—feel less isolated.

- Correct misinformation and avoid using language that may create stigma and blame others for COVID-19.
- Let your kids know that you're there for them and that they can ask you questions.
- Focus on how they can protect themselves and others from getting sick. Teach your children ways that they can reduce the spread of germs. Cough or sneeze into a tissue or your elbow, and teach them to wash their hands thoroughly and often. Supply them with hand sanitizer for times when they are unable to wash.
- Keep routines as regular as possible, to provide kids with a sense of security and safety. Maintain regular bedtimes, mealtimes and exercise.
- Encourage positive thoughts. Talk about the people who are working hard to keep people safe and healthy. Find examples in your community of people doing good things. Find ways to do something kind for others.
- Check in regularly to ask how your children are doing. Provide comfort, if necessary, and be patient.
- Remind children and youth to take things day by day if they're feeling overwhelmed. If even this seems overwhelming, then take things hour by hour. And talk to your healthcare provider if you are struggling.
- Go to [www.ahs.ca/helpintoughtimes](http://www.ahs.ca/helpintoughtimes) to learn more about how to talk to your kids and how you can connect them with support, if needed.
- Last but not least, take care of your own health. We can all be overwhelmed during times of uncertainty. Be honest about your own feelings. Find ways to complete normal tasks, even if you're feeling worried. You are best able to help your children when you take care of yourself, too.
- If you find you are still struggling, talk to your family healthcare provider or call Health Link at 811. You will also find more resources at [ahs.ca](http://ahs.ca).