

Data derived from routine susceptibility tests performed by Alberta Precision Laboratories

	N	Penicillin	Ampicillin / Amoxicillin	Cloxacillin	Amoxicillin/Clavulanate	Piperacillin/Tazobactam	Cephalexin	Cefazolin	Cefixime	Ceftazidime	Ceftazidime <sup>f</sup>	Azithromycin <sup>g</sup>	Clindamycin	Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin	Doxycycline	Tetracycline <sup>d</sup>	Nitrofurantoin <sup>c</sup>	Fosfomycin (PO) <sup>c</sup>	Ciprofloxacin	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Ertapenem	Meropenem	
<b>Gram Positive:</b>																									
Enterococcus faecalis	271		100 <sup>b</sup>				R	R	R	R	R		R	R	100		25	99		89 <sup>c</sup>					
Enterococcus faecium	113		16 <sup>b</sup>				R	R	R	R	R		R	R	69		21	16		13 <sup>c</sup>					
Staphylococcus aureus (all)	331		86		86	86							84	93	100		97								
MSSA	287		100		100	100							85	94	100		98								
MRSA	47		R		R	R							77	89	98		87								
Staphylcococcus, coagulase-negative	109		41		41	41							63	62	100		91								
Streptococcus anginosus group	51	100							100				76	100											
<b>Gram Negative:</b>																									
Citrobacter freundii complex <sup>e</sup>	39		R		R	R							74				97		79	82	82	85	85		
Enterobacter cloacae complex <sup>e</sup>	100		R		R	R							90				43		89	94	93	90	100		
Escherichia coli	485		53		82	81	80 <sup>c</sup>	69	79	81			75				97		61	90	90				
ESBL E. coli	86		R				R	R	R	R	R		38		37		90	92	8	65	64	100	100		
Haemophilus influenzae	40		73						100		95		72			95									
Klebsiella (Enterobacter) aerogenes <sup>e</sup>	37		R		R	R							97				30		89	100	100	100	100		
Klebsiella oxytoca	56		R		91	87		15	91	87			89				95		89	96	93				
Klebsiella pneumoniae complex	186		R		92	91	90 <sup>c</sup>	87	91	91			87				49		85	97	97				
Proteus mirabilis	56		88		96	96	95 <sup>c</sup>	79	96	96			86		R	R	R		91	93	96	100	100		
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	157		R		R	87		R	R	91			R		R	R	R		88		97	R	92		
Serratia marcescens <sup>e</sup>	33		R		R	R	R	R					100				R		94	100	94	94	97		

<sup>a</sup>Due to launch of Connect Care in May 2023, data from Jan-April not included.

<sup>b</sup>For Enterococci, results of ampicillin susceptibility testing can be used to predict the activity of amoxicillin, amoxicillin-clavulanate, piperacillin-tazobactam and for E. faecalis only, additionally imipenem.

<sup>c</sup>Urinary isolates only

<sup>d</sup>Susceptibility to doxycycline can be inferred from susceptibility to tetracycline

<sup>e</sup>These organisms usually produce β-lactamase which can cause failure of 3rd generation cephalosporin therapy, despite in vitro susceptibility

<sup>f</sup>Respiratory specimens only

Note: Percent susceptible for each organism/antimicrobial combination was generated by including the first isolate of that organism recovered from a given patient during the time period analyzed.

Abbreviations: MSSA - methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus aureus; ESBL - extended spectrum beta-lactamase; R - intrinsic resistance



**ALBERTA PRECISION  
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Leaders in Laboratory Medicine

Antibiotic % Susceptibility Patterns  
Foothills Hospital  
January - December 2022

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	Z	Penicillin (IV)	Ampicillin / Amoxicillin	Cloxacillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanate	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Cephalexin	Cefazolin	Cefixime	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Aztreonam	Clanthromycin	Clindamycin	Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin	Tetracycline <sup>c</sup>	Minoxycline	Doxycycline <sup>b</sup>	Nitrofurantoin <sup>b</sup>	Fosfomycin (PO) <sup>b</sup>	Ciprofloxacin	Levofoxacin	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Ertapenem	Meropenem		
<b>Gram-positive</b>																													
Enterococcus faecalis		421		100			R	R	R	R	R			R	R	100	24			99		90 <sup>b</sup>							
Enterococcus faecium		135		22			R	R	R	R	R			R	R	74	38			16		19 <sup>b</sup>							
Enterococcus species, other <sup>d</sup>		37		86			R	R	R	R	R			R	R	78	53					94 <sup>b</sup>							
Staphylococcus aureus	All	401		85		85	85	85							83	96	100	97											
	MSSA	345		100		100	100	100							85	97	100	98											
	MRSA	65		R		R	R								70	91	100	94											
Staphylococcus, coagulase-negative		113		39		39	39	39							67	65	100	87											
Staphylococcus lugdunensis <sup>d</sup>		48		90		90	90	90							79	100	100	94											
Streptococcus anginosus group		86	99							98					87		100												
Streptococcus viridans group <sup>d</sup>		42	68							97					85		100												
Streptococcus pneumoniae	meningitis	37	72												69								100						
	non-meningitis	37	94																										
<b>Gram-negative</b>																													
Acinetobacter baumannii complex <sup>d</sup>		39		R		R	97								92						92		92		R	100			
Citrobacter freundii complex <sup>a</sup>		54		R		R	R	R							70					97	67	85	87	91	91				
Citrobacter koseri <sup>a</sup>		46		R		93	98	93 <sup>b</sup>	96	100	98				100					93	96	100	100						
Enterobacter cloacae complex <sup>a</sup>		128		R		R	R	R	R						93					39	91	97	96	93	98				
Escherichia coli	All	749	59	85	85	86 <sup>b</sup>	77	84	85						78					98	69	92	93						
	ESBL	92	R				R	R	R	R	R				42		96	96	7	73	73	100	100						
Haemophilus influenzae		48	88												85	75													
Klebsiella (Enterobacter) aerogenes <sup>a</sup>		30	R	R	R	R	R	R							100					100	100	100	93	100					
Klebsiella oxytoca		74	R	93	93	92 <sup>b</sup>	42	99	93						95					92	97	99	99						
Klebsiella pneumoniae complex	All	232	R	90	90	92 <sup>b</sup>	85	90	90						88					42	80	96	95						
	ESBL <sup>d</sup>	42	R				R	R	R	R	R				43					7	52	60	100	100					
Morganella morganii <sup>a,d</sup>		52	R	R	R	R	R	R	R						73					R	71	88	90	100	100				
Proteus mirabilis		84	82	96	96	95 <sup>b</sup>	64	98	96						83		R	R	R	88	95	95							
Pseudomonas aeruginosa		214	R	R	89	R	R	R	R	R	R				83		R	R	R	83	97	R	88						
Serratia marcescens <sup>a</sup>		46	R	R	R	R	R	R	R						100					R	98	98	89	100	100				
Stenotrophomonas maltophilia <sup>a,d</sup>		70	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	44					100		100			84	R	R	R	R					

<sup>a</sup> These organisms usually produce β-lactamase which can cause failure of 3rd generation cephalosporin therapy, despite in vitro susceptibility

<sup>b</sup> Urine isolates only

<sup>c</sup> Susceptibility to doxycycline can be inferred from susceptibility to tetracycline

<sup>d</sup> Combined data (January - December 2021 and January - December 2022) due to the small number of isolates in 2022

Note: Percent susceptible for each organism/antimicrobial combination was generated by including the first isolate of that organism recovered from a given patient during the time period analyzed.

Abbreviations: MSSA - methicillin-susceptible *Staphylococcus aureus*; MRSA - methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*; ESBL - extended spectrum beta-lactamase; R - intrinsic resistance