

2021 UAH AntibioGrams

University of Alberta Hospital
Cross Cancer Institute
Stollery Children's Hospital



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Introduction

The antibiograms presented herein represent cumulative annual antimicrobial susceptibility rates of the most common microbial pathogens isolated from clinical specimens submitted to the University of Alberta Hospital (UAH) Clinical Microbiology Laboratory. This report represents the 2021 local susceptibility rates at the University of Alberta Hospital, Stollery Children's Hospital, and the Cross Cancer Institute, and is to be used as a resource to direct empiric antimicrobial therapy.

Antibiograms are generated by compiling susceptibility results from all first clinical isolates of a specific pathogen recovered from an individual patient per calendar year. That is, only the first isolate, regardless of specimen type or body site, is selected for analysis. Susceptibility rates for organisms represented by less than 30 isolates *are not* included due to limited statistical significance.

The susceptibility testing methods used by the UAH Clinical Microbiology Laboratory include VITEK-2, gradient diffusion, disk diffusion and microbroth dilution. Interpretation of susceptibility testing results is based on Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) guidelines unless otherwise indicated.

The data presented herein is also available at the following website: www.antibiogram.ca.

We would like to acknowledge the effort of the APL - UAH Clinical Microbiology staff for generating the data presented herein. We would also like to thank the UAH/MAZ/KEC Antimicrobial Stewardship Program and the Stollery Children's Hospital Antimicrobial Stewardship Program for helping review this document. Finally, we would like to thank Dr. Darren Hudson for maintaining www.antibiogram.ca.

Inquiries may be directed to Dr. Tanis Dingle, APL - ProvLab, at tanis.dingle@albertaprecisionlabs.ca.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL ANTIBIOGRAM
2021 ADULT CUMULATIVE GRAM-NEGATIVE ISOLATES (PERCENT SUSCEPTIBLE ISOLATES)**

ADULT GRAM-NEGATIVE (≥18 years old)	n	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin/ Clavulanate (PO)	Piperacillin/ Tazobactam	Cephalexin ^a	Cefixime	Ceftazidime	Ceftriaxone	Ertapenem	Meropenem	Imipenem	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Ciprofloxacin	Levofloxacin	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Nitrofurantoin ^a
<i>Citrobacter freundii</i> complex	90	R	R	^b	R	^b	^b	^b	99	99		93	89	71		77	91
<i>Citrobacter koseri</i>	49	R	96	98		98		98	100	100		100	100	96		98	80
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> complex	249	R	R	^b	R	^b	^b	^b	90	99		98	96	87		89	44
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (ALL)	1727	54	76	97	83	83		86	100	100		91	91	63		75	96
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (ESBL only)	208	R			R	R	R	R	100	100		71	66	5		44	88
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	80	76															
<i>Klebsiella (Enterobacter) aerogenes</i>	49	R	R	^b	R	^b	^b	^b	100	100		100	100	92		98	
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>	135	R	94	96		98		96	100	100		99	99	93		93	82
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	438	R	92	96	92	93		93	100	100		97	97	83		89	32
<i>Morganella morganii</i>	48	R	R	^b	R	^b	^b	^b	100	100		83	96	79		79	R
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	180	85	96	100	97	98		98	100	100		91	93	87		80	R
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (CF)	106	R	R	90		R	82	R	R	85	73		84	67		R	
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (non-CF)	481	R	R	95		R	91	R	R	92	89		97	83		R	
<i>Serratia marcescens</i>	63	R	R	^b	R	^b	^b	^b	100	100		100	97	92		98	R
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	160	R	R	R			<u>41</u>	R	R	R	R	R	R		91	99	

Underlined values represent a ≥10% decrease from the previous year.

^aUrinary tract isolates only with at least 30 unique isolates only.

^bThis organism may develop resistance to third generation cephalosporins and beta-lactam/beta-lactamase inhibitor combinations *in vivo*.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL ANTIBIOGRAM
2021 ADULT CUMULATIVE GRAM-POSITIVE ISOLATES (PERCENT SUSCEPTIBLE ISOLATES)**

ADULT GRAM-POSITIVE (≥18 years old)		Ampicillin	Penicillin	Ceftriaxone	Cloxacillin ^a	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Levofloxacin	Nitrofurantoin ^b	Tetracycline ^c	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin	Linezolid
	<i>n</i>												
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ALL)	1784				76	82		79	99	96	93	100	100
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)	430				R	79		28		95	92	100	100
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MSSA)	1352				100	83		95	100	97	93	100	100
<i>Coagulase-negative Staphylococcus species</i>	245				36	55		54		87	57	100	100
<i>Staphylococcus lugdunensis</i>	81				98	91		99		100	100	100	100
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	827	100							99	21		99	99
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i>	304	11							18	26		64 ^d	99
Viridans group streptococci	39		64	97		87						100	
<i>Streptococcus anginosus</i> group	45		100	100		84						100	
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> (meningitis BPs) ^e	77		71	75								100	
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> (non-meningitis BPs) ^e	77		98	100		91	65 ^f	100		77	78	100	

^aCephalosporin (e.g., cefazolin) activity inferred by activity of cloxacillin for *Staphylococcus* spp.

^bUrinary tract isolates only with at least 30 unique isolates.

^cTetracycline susceptibility predicts susceptibility to doxycycline.

^dOf the vancomycin-resistant *Enterococcus faecium* isolates tested against daptomycin, 27/27 (100%) were susceptible dose-dependent.

^eInterpretive breakpoints (BPs) are defined differently for CSF and non-CSF isolates. Numbers do not reflect meningitis rates.

^fErythromycin predicts susceptibility to azithromycin.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL ANTIBIOGRAM
2021 CUMULATIVE YEAST ISOLATES (PERCENT SUSCEPTIBLE ISOLATES)**

YEAST (ALL AGES, STERILE SITES)		Amphotericin B^a	Fluconazole	Micafungin
	<i>n</i>			
<i>Candida albicans</i>	55	100	96	100
<i>Candida glabrata</i>	34	97	94 ^b	100

^aUsing interpretive breakpoints from EUCAST.

^bRepresents susceptible dose-dependent isolates.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL ANTIBIOGRAM
2021 PEDIATRIC CUMULATIVE GRAM-NEGATIVE ISOLATES (PERCENT SUSCEPTIBLE ISOLATES)**

PEDIATRIC GRAM-NEGATIVE (<18 years old)	n	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin/ Clavulanate (PO)	Piperacillin/ Tazobactam	Cephalexin ^a	Cefixime	Ceftazidime	Ceftriaxone	Ertapenem	Meropenem	Imipenem	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Ciprofloxacin	Levofloxacin	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Nitrofurantoin ^a
		<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> complex	40	R	R	^b	R	^b	^b	^b	93	100		98	98	90	
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (ALL)	479	56	81	97	91	89	92	91	99	99		92	92	77		78	98
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (ESBL only)	38	R			R	R	R	R	100	100		63	55	11		47	
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	48	R	94	98	95	96	96	96	100	100		98	98	88		88	<u>21</u>
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (non-CF)	68	R	R	99		R	97	R	R	94	91		100	97		R	
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	57	R	R	R			35	R	R	R	R	R	R		100	100	

Underlined values represent a ≥10% decrease from the previous year.

^aUrinary tract isolates only with at least 30 unique isolates.

^bThis organism may develop resistance to third generation cephalosporins and beta-lactam/beta-lactamase inhibitor combinations *in vivo*.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL ANTIBIOGRAM
2021 PEDIATRIC CUMULATIVE GRAM-POSITIVE ISOLATES (PERCENT SUSCEPTIBLE ISOLATES)**

PEDIATRIC GRAM-POSITIVE (<18 years old)		Ampicillin	Penicillin	Ceftriaxone	Cloxacillin^a	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Levofloxacin	Nitrofurantoin^b	Tetracycline^c	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin	Linezolid	Gentamicin^d
	<i>n</i>													
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ALL)	489				82	86	74	86		98	88	100	100	97
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)	86				R	91	41	46		98	83	100	100	91
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MSSA)	403				100	85	81	95		98	89	100	100	98
<i>Coagulase-negative Staphylococcus species</i>	51				39	54	37	<u>59</u>		98	59	100	100	65
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	154	100		R		R			98	29	R	100	100	85

Underlined values represent a ≥10% decrease from the previous year.

^aCephalosporin (e.g., cefazolin) activity inferred by activity of cloxacillin for *Staphylococcus* spp.

^bUrinary tract isolates only with 30 unique isolates.

^cTetracycline susceptibility predicts susceptibility to doxycycline.

^dUsed for synergistic purposes only.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL ANTIBIOGRAM
2021 GSICU CUMULATIVE GRAM-NEGATIVE AND GRAM-POSITIVE ISOLATES (PERCENT SUSCEPTIBLE ISOLATES)**

GSICU GRAM-NEGATIVE		Ampicillin	Amoxicillin/ Clavulanate (PO)	Piperacillin/ Tazobactam	Cefixime	Ceftazidime	Ceftriaxone	Ertapenem	Meropenem	Imipenem	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Ciprofloxacin	Levofloxacin	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole
<i>n</i>															
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	54	52	63	83	81		81	100	100		96	96	65		70
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	35	R	R	91	R	86	R	R	80	80		100	74		R
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	33	R	R	R		18	R	R	R	R	R	R		88	100

GSICU GRAM-POSITIVE		Cloxacillin ^a	Clindamycin	Levofloxacin	Tetracycline ^b	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin	Linezolid
<i>n</i>								
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ALL)	156	75	77	84	99	94	100	100
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)	39	R	72	49	97	95	100	100
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MSSA)	117	100	79	96	99	94	100	100

Other Gram positive organisms were in insufficient quantities to report on this year's antibiogram.

^aCephalosporin (e.g., cefazolin) activity inferred by activity of cloxacillin for *Staphylococcus* spp.

^bTetracycline susceptibility predicts susceptibility to doxycycline.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA HOSPITAL ANTIBIOGRAM
2021 CROSS CANCER INSTITUTE CUMULATIVE GRAM-NEGATIVE and GRAM POSITIVE ISOLATES (PERCENT SUSCEPTIBLE ISOLATES)**

CROSS CANCER INSTITUTE GRAM-NEGATIVE		Ampicillin	Amoxicillin/ Clavulanate (PO)	Piperacillin/ Tazobactam	Cephalexin ^a	Cefixime	Ceftriaxone	Ertapenem	Meropenem	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Ciprofloxacin	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Nitrofurantoin ^a
	<i>n</i>													
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	81	65	81	95	84	85	88	100	100	94	<u>81</u>	64	86	100

Underlined values represent a $\geq 10\%$ decrease from the previous year.

^aUrinary tract isolates only.

CROSS CANCER INSTITUTE GRAM-POSITIVE		Ampicillin	Cloxacillin ^a	Clindamycin	Levofloxacin	Nitrofurantoin ^b	Tetracycline ^c	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Vancomycin	Linezolid
	<i>n</i>									
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	54		91	87	93		93	96	100	100
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	34	100				100	<u>15</u>	R	100	100

Underlined values represent a $\geq 10\%$ decrease from the previous year.

Other Gram positive organisms were in insufficient quantities to report on this year's antibiogram.

^aCephalosporin (e.g., cefazolin) activity inferred by activity of cloxacillin for *Staphylococcus* spp.

^bUrinary tract isolates only with 30 unique isolates.

^cTetracycline susceptibility predicts susceptibility to doxycycline.