

Form Title      **Delirium Investigation and Management Orders**

Form Number   **frm-21014bond**

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Last Name	
First Name	
PHN#	MRN#
Birthdate (dd-Mon-yyyy)	Physician

## Delirium Investigation and Management Orders

Select orders by replacing a (✓) in the associated box

For more information, see Clinical Knowledge Topic **Delirium, Senior - Inpatient**  
<http://insite.albertahealthservices.ca/klink/14163.asp>

### Delirium non-pharmacological interventions

**\*\*see also Delirium Prevention Order Set\*\***

*In patients with dementia or delirium who have concerning behaviours consider behaviour mapping.*

Clinical Communication: Complete Behaviour Mapping Tool

**\*\*\*\*Best practice and AHS policy is to avoid physical restraints as they increase the risk of morbidity and mortality. Restraints should NEVER be ordered PRN (see Restraint as a Last Resort policy). Consider close supervision/ 1:1 staff ratio for safety instead.**

Monitor patient with 1 to 1 nursing to patient ratio

### Routine Laboratory Investigations

#### Hematology

Complete Blood Count (CBC)

#### Chemistry

Electrolytes (Na, K, Cl, CO<sub>2</sub>)

Creatinine and eGFR

Glucose Random

Urea

Calcium

Phosphate

Magnesium

ALT

Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)

Bilirubin TOTAL

Albumin (include for calcium correction, not a valid nutritional marker)

Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH) (*omit if normal result in the last 12 months unless clinical suspicion of abnormality*)

Urinalysis (*absence of microscopic pyuria excludes infection; only order if 1 or more symptoms/signs of potential infection in addition to delirium*)

Vitamin B12 LEVEL (*omit if normal result in the last 12 months unless clinical suspicion of change in status*)

Prescriber Signature

Date (dd-Mon-yyyy)

Time (hh:mm)

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### Non- Routine Laboratory Investigations (Based on Clinical Suspicion)

#### Hematology

INR

#### Chemistry

Troponin

Repeat Troponin(s) \_\_\_\_\_ time(s) every \_\_\_\_\_ hours

BNP

CRP

#### Microbiology

Urine Bacterial Culture (\*\*NOTE: infection unlikely in the absence of pyuria\*\*)

Blood cultures x 2, one from central line if present

Syphilis serology

Sputum Bacterial Culture

Wound culture, site: \_\_\_\_\_

Cerebrospinal fluid from lumbar puncture (for clinical suspicion of meningitis, perform after CT Head)

CSF Glucose

CSF Protein

CSF Bacterial culture

CSF Infection Panel (Viral)

HSV serology

Mycobacteria (AFB) Smear and Culture

CSF Syphilis Serology

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Clinical Communication: Save \_\_\_\_\_ mls of CSF for future testing

#### Toxicology

Digoxin LEVEL specify random or trough; consider pharmacy consult

Lithium (Li) LEVEL specify random, peak or trough; consider pharmacy consult

Phenytoin LEVEL specify random, peak or trough; consider pharmacy consult

Valproate LEVEL specify random, peak or trough; consider pharmacy consult

Other: \_\_\_\_\_ LEVEL (consult laboratory as to availability)

#### Other Labs

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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### Non-Routine Diagnostic Imaging (based on clinical suspicion)

- Electrocardiogram- 12 lead
- GR Chest, 2 Projections (Chest X-Ray PA and Lateral)
- GR Chest, 1 Projection Portable (Chest X-Ray Portable)
- GR abdomen, 3 projections (Abdominal X-Ray 3 views)
- GR abdomen, flat plate (Abdominal X-Ray 1 view)
- CT Head unenhanced: Indication \_\_\_\_\_ (consider enhanced only in appropriate clinical circumstances e.g. ruling out small metastases and [near-]normal renal function)
- Other \_\_\_\_\_

### Medications

**\*\* BEFORE adding new medications to treat behaviour, review medication reconciliation, watch for recent changes, potential withdrawal and remove potential culprit medications\*\***

**\*\*Benzodiazepines should only be used when delirium is attributed to alcohol or benzodiazepine withdrawal or the patient used chronically; follow local practice for alcohol withdrawal management (e.g. CIWA protocol).**

### Antipsychotics

**\*\*\* Antipsychotics are associated with increased risk of mortality and should be reserved for patients with severe and dangerous agitation and/or behaviours; minimize use by reassessing need frequently and stopping as soon as possible. Avoid parenteral antipsychotics, particularly IV formulations; instead use liquid, rapid-disintegrating forms or suggest mix with food/beverage; low doses IM haloperidol or olanzapine can be used as last resort\*\***

Due to the risk of adverse reactions choose only **one** antipsychotic:

Choose one  
(if applicable)

- risperidone 0.125-0.25 mg PO BID PRN for severe distressing psychosis or aggression with significant risk of harm to self or other NOT responsive to non-pharmacologic interventions times 48 hours then reassess. (caution in patients with renal failure)
- olanzapine 2.5 mg PO daily PRN for severe distressing psychosis or aggression with significant risk of harm to self or other NOT responsive to non-pharmacologic interventions times 48 hours then reassess.
- quetiapine 6.25-12.5 mg PO QHS PRN for severe distressing psychosis or aggression with significant risk of harm to self or other NOT responsive to non-pharmacologic interventions times 48 hours then reassess. (recommended for patients with pre-existing Parkinson Disease, Lewy Body Dementia or parkinsonism)
- haloperidol 0.25-0.5 mg PO every 8 hours PRN for severe distressing psychosis or aggression with significant risk of harm to self or other NOT responsive to non-pharmacologic interventions times 48 hours then reassess. (avoid in patients with Parkinson Disease or Lewy Body Dementia)

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### Medications Continued

#### Antipsychotic Medication Monitoring

- Electrocardiogram- 12 lead prior to administration of antipsychotic medications to assess for QT prolongation if not already performed during admission. Notify physician/nurse practitioner when ECG complete.
- Electrocardiogram - 12 lead after \_\_\_\_\_ days of antipsychotic medications to assess for QT prolongation. Notify physician/nurse practitioner when ECG complete.
- Document response to each dose of antipsychotic and monitor for adverse effects (e.g. CNS depression/sedation, anticholinergic effects, dizziness, postural hypotension, parkinsonism/extra-pyramidal symptoms, falls).
- Postural vitals (supine to standing or if not possible then supine to sit/legs dangling) every morning times 3 days

#### Other Medications

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

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Prescriber Signature	Date <i>(dd-Mon-yyyy)</i>	Time <i>(hh:mm)</i>
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