

Form Title Enhanced Recovery for All Surgeries, Adult – Inpatient, Ambulatory

Post-Op Order Set

Form Number 21057-bond

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Last Name	
First Name	
PHN	MRN
Birthdate (dd-Mon-yyyy)	Physician

Select orders by placing a (\checkmark) in the associated box

For more information, see Clinical Knowledge Topic *Enhanced Recovery for All Surgeries, Adult – Inpatient, Ambulatory*

Admit, Transfer, Discharge			
☐ Anticipated Date of Discharge (dd-Mon-yyyy):			
Patient Care			
Discuss Goals of Care with patient or alternate decision-maker and update Goals of Care Designation, if applicable #103547).			
☑ Sequential compression device (SCD): discontinue	when ambulating well		
Monitoring			
 ☑ Vital Signs: assess as per local institutional practices ☑ Opioid Monitoring: monitor as per local institutional practices ☑ Pain Score and Nausea Score: assess at least every 4 hours x 3 days and then every 8 hours □ Blood Glucose Monitoring Point of Care Testing (POCT): QID 			
☐ Other Monitoring:			
Activity			
 ✓ Activity as tolerated POD 0: stand at bedside, up in chair, walk to doorway and back; activity goal is 2 hours POD 1: up in chair each meal, ambulate at least 3 times daily; activity goal is 4 hours POD 2 until discharge: up in chair each meal, ambulate at least 3 times daily; activity goal is 6 hours ✓ Notify physiotherapist if pre-operative mobility concerns or if patient requires more than one-person assist 			
Intake and Output			
 ☑ Intake and Output: assess every 8 hours x 4 days, include strict oral intake ☑ Indwelling Urinary Catheter: remove on POD 1 in AM ☑ In and Out Urinary Catheter: insert PRN for urinary retention once indwelling urinary catheter removed ☑ Weight: assess daily x 3 days, start on POD 1 ☐ Other Intake and Output: 			
Diet/Nutrition			
☑ Clinical Communication: offer patient oral fluids; intake goal 500 mL on POD 0 ☑ Post-Surgical Transition Diet: start on POD 0 ☑ Regular Diet: start on POD 1 □ Regular Diabetic – Adult Diet: start on POD 1 □ Other Diet/Nutrition:			
Prescriber Signature	Date (dd-Mon-yyyy)	Time (hh mm)	

21057-bond (2019-08) Page 1 of 5



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Diet/Nutrition, continued

Protein/Calorie Dense Oral Nutrition Supplements

Appropriate when patient is on any type of oral diet including Gluten-free and Diabetic - Adult. Suitable for lactose intolerance but NOT appropriate for dairy allergy. Achieve a supplement intake of 300 kcal/day on POD 0 and 600 kcal/day on POD 1 until discharge.

M Ensure Protein Max: 90 ml. PO 3 times daily start on POD 0 and then 90 ml. PO 5 times daily start on

POD 1 until discharge			
Wound Care			
☑ Surgical Incisions: assess every 8 hours and PRN			
□ Wound Dressing Instructions:			
Respiratory Care			
 ☑ Incentive Spirometry: perform every 1 hour while awake ☑ Oxygen Therapy: titrate to saturation, maintain SpO₂ greater than 92% ☑ Head of Bed: elevate to at least 30 degrees while patient on opioids or epidural 			
☐ Other Respiratory Care:			
Laboratory Investigations			
☐ Complete Blood Count (CBC) with differential on POD 1 in AM			
If patient is receiving VTE prophylaxis choose repeat CBC with differential: □ Complete Blood Count (CBC) with differential, start on POD 1 in AM and repeat every 3 days x 5 times			
☐ Creatinine on POD 1 in AM ☐ Electrolytes (Na, K, Cl, CO₂) on POD 1 in AM			
Intravenous Therapy			
 ✓ sodium chloride 0.9% lock when patient tolerating oral fluid intake ✓ lactated ringer's infusion IV at 50 mL/hour if patient not tolerating oral fluid intake, lock when patient tolerating oral fluid intake 			
☐ Other Intravenous Therapy:			
Prescriber Signature	Date (dd-Mon-yyyy)	Time (hh mm)	

21057-bond (2019-08) Page 2 of 5



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Medications			
VTE Prophylaxis Refer to AHS Provincial Clinical Knowledge Topic: VTE Prophylaxis, Adult – Inpatient. Refer to AHS VTE Prophylaxis Weight-Band Table if patient has reduced renal function or is less than 40 kg or greater than 100 kg. If patient has undergone abdominopelvic cancer surgery or is at increased risk of VTE (refer to AHS Venous Thromboembolism Prophylaxis Guideline) consider extended prophylaxis (up to 28 days post-discharge) with low molecular weight heparin (LMWH). Choose ONE:			
☐ tinzaparin 4500 units SUBCUTANEOUSLY once dai discharge	ly at hours (hh mm), start on F	POD until	
 □ tinzaparin 4500 units SUBCUTANEOUSLY once dai and extend therapy for 28 days ☑ Teach LMWH self-injection in preparation for disc 		POD	
☐ Other VTE Prophylaxis:			
Antiulcer Agents and Acid Suppressants □ pantoprazole EC tab 40 mg PO daily before breakfast until discharge □ ranitidine 150 mg PO BID until discharge			
Bowel Stimulation ☑ Chew gum 3 times daily (minimum 30 minutes each time), as tolerated			
Choose ONE: ☐ magnesium gluconate 1000 mg PO BID, start on POD 1 and discontinue after first bowel movement ☐ magnesium hydroxide 30 mL PO BID, start on POD 1 and discontinue after first bowel movement			
☐ Other Bowel Stimulation:			
 Analgesics Consider non-opioid analgesia or appropriate opioid-sparing multimodal analgesia. If needed, short acting opioids are recommended. Long acting opioids should be avoided. □ Follow Anesthesia/Acute Pain Service orders for continuous regional epidural, nerve block therapy and/or patient controlled analgesia (PCA) □ Follow Surgery orders for patient controlled analgesia (PCA) 			
 Prophylaxis Analgesics Consider dose reduction if patient is elderly. ☑ acetaminophen 975 to 1000 mg PO every 6 hours x 48 hours and then acetaminophen 975 to 1000 mg PO every 6 hours PRN for pain. Maximum of 4000 mg acetaminophen in 24 hours from all sources Use caution if patient has renal impairment or is at high risk of acute kidney injury. ☐ ibuprofen 400 mg PO every 6 hours x 48 hours and then ibuprofen 400 mg PO every 6 hours PRN for pain 			
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21057-bond (2019-08) Page 3 of 5



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Medications, continued			
PRN Oral Opioids (for pain not controlled by non-opioid analgesia) Consider dose reduction if patient is elderly or opiate-naïve. □ oxyCODONE 5 to 10 mg PO every 4 hours PRN for pain not controlled by non-opioid analgesia			
PRN Parenteral Opioids (for pain not controlled by oral opioids, or oral analgesia is contraindicated) Consider dose reduction if patient is elderly or opiate-naïve. Choose ONE: ☐ morphine 1 to 10 mg IV/SUBCUTANEOUSLY every 4 hours PRN for pain not controlled by oral opioids ☐ HYDROmorphone 0.5 to 2 mg IV/SUBCUTANEOUSLY every 4 hours PRN for pain not controlled by oral opioids			
☐ Other Analgesics:			
Antiemetics Prophylaxis Antiemetics Consider dose reduction if patient is elderly or has reduced renal function. Choose ONE option:			
Option 1 Choose BOTH: □ ondansetron 8 mg PO/NG (or ODT if difficulty swallowing or active vomiting with no IV access) every 8 hours x 48 hours and then ondansetron 4 mg PO/NG every 8 hours PRN □ ondansetron 4 mg IV every 8 hours x 48 hours and then ondansetron 4 mg IV every 8 hours PRN if oral dose is not tolerated			
Option 2 Image			
PRN Antiemetics Consider dose reduction if patient is elderly or has reduced renal function. PRN antiemetic agent must be from a different class than prophylaxis agent. □ ondansetron 4 mg PO/NG/IV (or ODT if difficulty swallowing or active vomiting with no IV access) every 8 hours PRN. If nausea and vomiting persist after first PRN dose, notify prescriber □ metoclopramide 10 mg PO/NG/IV/IM every 6 hours PRN □ dimenhyDRINATE 25 to 50 mg PO/IV/IM every 4 hours PRN □ Other Antiemetics:			
Glycemic Management Medications			
Refer to AHS Provincial Clinical Knowledge Topic: Perioperative Management of Patients with Diabetes Mellitus, Adult – Inpatient.			
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21057-bond (2019-08) Page 4 of 5



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Patient Teaching			
☐ Other Patient Teaching:			
Consults and Referrals			
 □ Physiotherapy □ Registered Dietitian □ Social Work □ Transition Services 			
☐ Other Consults and Referrals:			
Other Orders			
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21057-bond (2019-08) Page 5 of 5